ARTICLE 67:42

REGULATORY ADMINISTRATION

Chapter

67:42:01	Provisions and scope of services.
67:42:02	Adult foster care, Repealed.
67:42:03	Family day care homes, Repealed.
67:42:04	Group family day care homes, Repealed.
67:42:05	Family foster homes.
67:42:06	Basic group living centers for minors.
67:42:07	Group care centers for minors.
67:42:08	Residential treatment centers.
67:42:09	Child placement agencies.
67:42:10	Licensed day care programs, Repealed.
67:42:11	Environmental health standards.
67:42:12	Maternity homes, Repealed.
67:42:13	Independent living preparation.
67:42:14	Before and after school care, Repealed.
67:42:15	Intensive residential treatment centers.
67:42:16	Scope of services for child care programs, Repealed.
67:42:17	Child care licensing.

CHAPTER 67:42:01

PROVISIONS AND SCOPE OF SERVICES

Section

67:42:01:01	Definitions.
67:42:01:02	Application of chapter 67:42:01.
67:42:01:03	Repealed.
67:42:01:04	Repealed.
67:42:01:04.01	Repealed.
67:42:01:05	Initial evaluation and approval Renewal of license.
67:42:01:05.01	Criminal record check.
67:42:01:05.02	Screening for substantiated reports of abuse and neglect.
67:42:01:05.03	Notice to facility.
67:42:01:06	Ability to provide care.
67:42:01:06.01	Reasonable and prudent parent standard requirements.
67:42:01:07	Physical health standards required of applicant and applicant's family.
67:42:01:08	Repealed.
67:42:01:09	Repealed.
67:42:01:10	Repealed.
67:42:01:11	Repealed.
67:42:01:12	Reporting of incidents or changes in circumstances.
67:42:01:13	Repealed.
67:42:01:14	Repealed.

- 67:42:01:14.01 Transferred.
- 67:42:01:15 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:16 Denial of license.
- 67:42:01:17 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:18 Revocation of license.
- 67:42:01:19 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:20 Fair hearing.
- 67:42:01:21 Maintenance of records.
- 67:42:01:22 Confidentiality.
- 67:42:01:23 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:24 Transportation.
- 67:42:01:25 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:26 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:27 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:28 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:29 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:30 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:31 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:32 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:33 Repealed.
- 67:42:01:34 Annual audit.
- 67:42:01:35 Insurance.
- 67:42:01:36 Repealed.

67:42:01:37 Telephones.

67:42:01:01. Definitions. Terms used in this article mean:

(1) "Alternative care," care provided in family foster homes, group care centers for minors, group care centers meeting the qualifications of residential treatment centers as defined in § 67:42:08:01, independent living preparation programs, and intensive residential treatment centers;

(2) "Applicant," an individual, agency, institution, or organization, which submits to the department an application for a license or registration certificate, as provided in this article;

(3) "Case plan," a plan that is written in cooperation with a client which explains and:

(a) Explains the client's social, psychological, medical, or economic problems, contains;

(b) Contains solutions to the problems; and describes

(c) Describes the necessary steps and schedule to resolve the problems;

(4) "Client," a person receiving assistance or service from the department;

(5) "Department," the Department of Social Services;

(6) "Employee applicant," an individual applying to a provider for employment;

(7) "Facility," a family foster home, group care center for minors, residential treatment center, child placement agency, independent living preparation program, or intensive residential treatment center, licensed under the provisions of this article;

(8) "Household member," a person who uses a facility, other than a child placement agency, as a permanent or part-time residence and who may have contact with <u>any</u> children placed in the facility;

(9) "License," the document described in SDCL 26-6-15, which certifies that a provider meets applicable licensing standards contained in this article;

(10) "Provider," an individual, agency, institution, or organization providing any of the services covered in this article;

(11) "Provider applicant," an individual, agency, institution, or organization applying to be a provider under this article;

(12) "Reasonable and prudent parent standard," the standard characterized by careful and sensible parental decisions that maintain the health, safety, and best interest of a child, while at the same time encouraging the emotional and developmental growth of the child, that and which a caregiver shall use when determining whether to allow a child in foster care or in a child care institution under the responsibility of the state, to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, cultural and social activities;

(13) "Staff member" or "staff person," an employee or volunteer of a facility; and

(14) "Volunteer applicant," an individual applying to provide voluntary services for a provider.

Source: 4 SDR 2, effective July 25, 1977; 6 SDR 31, effective September 30, 1979; 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 20 SDR 223, effective July 7, 1994; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 32 SDR 33, effective August 31, 2005; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 42 SDR 97, effective January 4, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:01:06.01. Reasonable and prudent parent standard requirements. The reasonable and prudent parent standard applies to facilities regulated by chapters 67:42:07, 67:42:08, 67:42:09, 67:42:13, and 67:42:15.

Under the standard, each facility is required to have at least one official onsite who, with respect to any child placed at the child care institution, is designated to be the caregiver authorized to apply the standard to decisions involving the participation of the child in age- or developmentally-appropriate activities. Each designated official shall receive training in how to use and apply the standard.

A child's treatment plan or case plan must demonstrate implementation of the reasonable and prudent parent standard.

A facility is not liable for harm caused to a child in an out-of-home placement if:

(1) The child participates in an activity approved by the facility and the parent or guardian; and

(2) The facility has acted in accordance with the standard.

Source: 42 SDR 97, effective January 4, 2016<u>; transferred from 67:42:07:04.01</u>.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(3)(6)(11).

Cross Reference: Reasonable and prudent parent standard, § 67:42:01:01(12).

Treatment plan, § 67:42:07:05 (group care centers for minors).

Treatment plan, § 67:42:08:05 (residential treatment centers).

Foster care services, § 67:42:09:17 (child placement agencies).

Case plan requirements, § 67:42:13:03 (independent living preparation).

Treatment plan, § 67:42:15:10 (intensive residential treatment centers).

CHAPTER 67:42:03

FAMILY DAY CARE HOMES

(Repealed)

Section

67:42:03:01	Definitions, Repealed.	
67:42:03:02 to 67:42:03:04	Repealed.	
67:42:03:04.01	Maximum number of children allowed, Repealed.	
67:42:03:05	Repealed.	
67:42:03:06	Qualifications of a family day care provider, Repealed.	
67:42:03:07	Repealed.	
67:42:03:07.01	Qualifications of helpers, Repealed.	
67:42:03:07.02	Training, Repealed.	
67:42:03:07.03	Helper records and hiring requirements, Repealed.	
67:42:03:07.04	Repealed.	
67:42:03:07.05	Repealed.	
67:42:03:07.06	Orientation, Repealed.	
67:42:03:08	Health standards and immunizations for children, Repealed.	
67:42:03:08.01	Medications, Repealed.	
67:42:03:09	Repealed.	
67:42:03:09.01	Reporting suspected child abuse and neglect, Repealed.	
67:42:03:10 to 67:42:03:11.01 Repealed.		
67:42:03:11.02	Smoke detectors and fire extinguishers, Repealed.	
67:42:03:11.03	Emergency preparedness and response, Repealed.	

67:42:03:11.04	Repealed.
67:42:03:11.05	Water source and temperature, Repealed.
67:42:03:11.06	Heating, ventilating, and lighting, Repealed.
67:42:03:11.07	Electrical outlet covers, Repealed.
67:42:03:11.08	Food quality and storage, Repealed.
67:42:03:11.09	Insect and rodent control, Repealed.
67:42:03:11.10	Railings, Repealed.
67:42:03:12	Sanitation requirements, Repealed.
67:42:03:13	Nutrition requirements, Repealed.
67:42:03:14	Repealed.
67:42:03:15	Presence of the provider, Repealed.
67:42:03:16	Discipline, Repealed.
67:42:03:17	Playground area and equipment, Repealed.
67:42:03:18	Parental observation, Repealed.
67:42:03:19	Handwashing, Repealed.
67:42:03:20	Water safety, Repealed.
67:42:03:21	Other hazardous conditions, Repealed.
67:42:03:22	Pets <u>, Repealed</u> .
67:42:03:23	Sleeping arrangements, Repealed.

67:42:03:01. Definitions. Terms used in this chapter mean:

(1) "Family day care," the provision of regular care and supervision of no more than 12 children, including the provider's own children who are under the age of six years, for part of a 24-hour period as a supplement to regular parental care; and

(2) "Helper," an employee or volunteer present in the facility to assist with the care of children; or an employee or volunteer who, upon request of the provider, substitutes for the provider to care for children no more than 12 hours per week Repealed.

Source: 4 SDR 2, effective July 25, 1977; 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-References: Family day care defined -- Number of children allowed, SDCL 26-6-14.1; Unregistered family day care defined--Number of children allowed, SDCL 26-6-14.8. 67:42:03:04.01. Maximum number of children allowed. A family day care provider may care for a maximum of 12 children, including the provider's own children who are under the age of six years. No more than four of the 12 children may be under the age of two years, and no more than two of these four children may be under the age of one unless there is a helper in the home. If a helper is present in the home, no more than eight of the twelve children may be under the age of two and no more than four of the eight may be under the age of one Repealed.

Source: 6 SDR 31, effective September 30, 1979; 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-14.1, 26-6-14.2, 26-6-16.

Cross-Reference: Additional number of children in day care -- Staff-to-child ratios, SDCL 26-6-15.1. 67:42:03:06. Qualifications of a family day care provider. A family day care provider must be at least 18 years of age and shall demonstrate the ability to provide care for children that attends to the child's physical growth and development and to the physical, emotional, cognitive, and social needs of the child.

The provider's family and household composition and relationships may not adversely affect a child in care <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 4 SDR 2, effective July 25, 1977; repealed, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; readopted, 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 20 SDR 223, effective July 7, 1994; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 25-7A-56, 26-6-16, 26-6-23.2.

67:42:03:07.01. Qualifications of helpers. A family day care helper must be at least 14 years old. A helper under the age of 18 may be included in the adult-child ratio only if there is another adult present in the home. A helper who is under the age of 18 may not be left alone on the premises with children in care.

A helper must meet the requirements of §§ 67:42:03:07.02, 67:42:03:07.03 and 67:42:03:07.06.

A volunteer filling the position of a helper must meet the requirements of this section <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:07.02. Training. A family day care provider and helper shall participate in a minimum of six hours of training every year. Three of the six hours of annual training may be from reading sources or televised or video programming. The training must be obtained from at least three of the following areas:

- (1) Child growth and development;
- (2) Detecting and reporting child abuse and neglect;
- (3) Guidance and behavior management;
- (4) Food handling techniques;
- (5) Identification and prevention of communicable diseases;
- (6) Program health and safety;
- (7) Nutrition for children;
- (8) Program management and regulation;
- (9) Communication and relations with staff;
- (10) Cultural diversity;
- (11) Learning environments;
- (12) Age appropriate activities and planning;
- (13) Professionalism;
- (14) Partnerships with parents;
- (15) Inclusion of all children; and
- (16) Basic first aid.

Before an initial registration is issued, the applicant must complete and become certified in infant-child cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) through an entity that provides the applicant with hands-on skills testing as part of the training. The CPR certification must remain valid at all times.

Any individual supervising children around a body of water and any helper being left alone to supervise children must meet the training and certification requirements for CPR as contained in this section.

Before the department renews the registration certificate, the family day care provider shall supply the department with documented evidence that the provider and helper have completed the required training Repealed.

Source: 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-Reference: Water safety, § 67:42:03:20.

67:42:03:07.03. Helper records and hiring requirements. A family day care provider shall maintain a record on each helper. The record must include the helper's name, age, address, telephone number, training, dates of employment and separation, and a statement signed by the helper which defines child abuse and neglect and outlines the helper's responsibility to report all incidents of child abuse or neglect under the provisions of SDCL 26-8A-3 and 26-8A-8. The facility shall make the personnel records available to the department for verification of the contents. The personnel records must be kept for six months after the helper's employment ends.

Before hiring a helper to work at the facility, the provider shall contact references which may include the individual's former employers. The references may not be related to the prospective helper. References must be in the form of a documented conversation or written letter and must be on record before hiring the individual Repealed.

Source: 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:07.06. Orientation. The provider and each helper shall have documented completion of orientation training within 90 days after the date of registration or date of hire in at least the following areas:

(1) Prevention and control of infectious diseases;

(2) Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleep practices;

(3) Administration of medication;

(4) Prevention of and response to an emergency due to food and allergic reactions;

(5) Building and physical premises safety;

(6) Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;

(7) Emergency preparedness and response planning for an emergency resulting from a natural disaster or man-caused event;

(8) Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio

(9) Precautions in transporting a child;

(10) Recognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect;

(11) First aid; and

(12) Child development.

In addition, a provider shall become certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) prior to initial registration. A helper shall become certified in CPR before being left alone with a child. A helper shall become certified in CPR within 90 days after the date of hire. CPR training shall include hands-on skill testing. CPR certification shall remain valid at all times. ------Orientation training may count toward the required annual training for the provider in the initial year of registration, and for each helper or substitute during the first year of employment Repealed.

Source: 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016; 45 SDR 82, effective December 10, 2018.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:08. Health standards and immunizations for children. Before admitting a child for care in a family day care home, the provider shall require a child's parent or guardian to submit a written statement signed by a licensed physician, physician's assistant, certified nurse practitioner, or community health nurse or an immunization record from the South Dakota Immunization Information System showing the immunization status of the child and verifying that the child meets the minimum immunization requirements for the child's age as recommended by the South Dakota Department of Health.

The operator shall ensure that immunization levels of all children are current. For children who begin the series late or are more than one month behind in immunizations, the immunization levels of these children must show current progress toward achieving adequate immunization levels as recommended by a physician, physician's assistant, certified nurse practitioner, or community health nurse. Immunization levels may be verified by an annual audit conducted by the Department of Health.

If a child suffers an illness during the day, the child must be separated from other children and the child's parents must be notified. The provider shall notify the Department of Health if any child in the family day care home contracts a communicable disease. The provider shall follow the Department of Health's recommendations for addressing a situation involving a communicable disease. The family day care home must have on file the name, address, and telephone number of each child's source of regular health supervision as well as other emergency medical information.

A child is exempt from meeting the minimum age specific immunization levels if the child's parent or guardian has certification from a licensed physician stating that the physical condition of the child is such that a test or immunization would endanger the child's life or

Source: 4 SDR 2, effective July 25, 1977; 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-References: Tests and immunizations for communicable diseases required for admission to school or ealy childhood program -- Exceptions -- Rules, SDCL 13-28-7.1; Records on children in care of agencies -- Information confidential, SDCL 26-6-20; Definition of "communicable disease," § 44:20:01:01. 67:42:03:08.01. Medications. Medications may only be administered with the written consent of the parent or guardian and only if the consent lists the name of the medication and the date or dates the medication is to be administered. Any medication administered to a child must be documented to include the dose, name of child, time and date administered, and signature of the person administering the medication. This documentation shall be available to the child's parent or guardian and must be kept for six months. Medications must be kept in their original container with the original label. The label must contain legible directions for use, the expiration date, the child's name, and the physician's name. Medications must be stored in a place which is inaccessible to children. Medication requiring refrigeration must be placed in another container which is not absorbent and labeled "medication." <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:09.01. Reporting suspected child abuse and neglect. A family day care provider must comply with SDCL 26-8A-3 and 26-8A-8 by immediately reporting any suspected incident of child abuse or neglect to the department, police, sheriff, or states attorney and cooperate fully in the investigation of any incident Repealed.

Source: 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16, 26-8A-3, 26-8A-8.

Cross-Reference: Reporting of incidents or changes in circumstances, § 67:42:01:12.

67:42:03:11.02. Smoke detectors and fire extinguishers. A family day care home must have a working smoke detector on each level of the building. Audible alarm indicating devices must be designed and distributed so as to be effectively heard above the maximum noise level obtained under normal conditions of occupancy.

A fully charged, portable fire extinguisher with a minimum 2A rating, as identified on the extinguisher label, must be kept near the food processing area Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:11.03. Emergency preparedness and response. The provider shall have a written emergency preparedness and response plan that includes procedures carried out before, during, and after a natural, or man-caused event that include: evacuation, relocation, shelterin-place, lock-down procedures, procedures for communication and reunification with families, continuity of operations, and accommodation of infants and toddlers, children with disabilities and children with chronic medical conditions. Every helper shall be made aware of the emergency preparedness plan and procedures.

The provider shall conduct at least four fire drills and one tornado drill each year. The tornado drill shall be conducted at the beginning of summer. The provider shall maintain written documentation as evidence that the drills were conducted.

Each level of the family day care home used for the care of children must have two exits which are separate and remote from each other. Each of these exits must provide unobstructed travel to the outside. One of these exits must be a standard-sized door that meets the applicable code for the structure. The other exit may be a window which is easy to open from the inside without the use of tools.

A window used as an exit in a family day care home must provide a clear opening at least 20 inches wide and 24 inches high and must be at least 5.0 square feet in area. There may be no more than 44 inches between the floor and the bottom of the window. If more than 44 inches exists between the floor and the bottom of the window, a stable and permanent platform must be used that raises the level of the floor such that the distance is 44 inches or less between the bottom of the window and the platform landing.

If storm windows, screens, or burglar guards are used, they must be provided with quickopening devices which may be easily opened from the inside.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:11.05. Water source and temperature. Water must derived from a community water system or from a water system that is tested at least annually by the Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources or a laboratory certified by the Department of Health to conduct such tests. The water must be tested for bacteria and nitrate levels and must be safe for consumption. The provider must maintain written documentation of the test results.

Hot water from plumbing fixtures normally utilized by children in care may not exceed 120 degrees Fahrenheit Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016; SL 2021, ch 1, §§ 8, 19, effective April 19, 2021.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-Reference: Drinking water standards, ch 74:04:12.

67:42:03:11.06. Heating, ventilating, and lighting. The family day care provider shall ensure that heating, ventilating, and lighting facilities are adequate for the protection of the children's health.

Unvented fuel-fired room heaters may not be used. A guard must be provided to protect the children from and restrict their access to hot surfaces and open flames <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:11.07. Electrical outlet covers. In family day care homes caring for children aged four years and younger, unused electrical outlets must be covered by Underwriter's Laboratory approved electrical outlet covers.

There may be no bare or exposed electrical wires present within the home Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:11.08. Food quality and storage. The family day care provider shall comply with the following provisions:

(1) Food must be free from spoilage, filth, or other contamination and must be safe for human consumption;

(2) Fluid milk and fluid milk products used or served must be pasteurized and must meet Grade A quality as defined by SDCL 39-6-1;

(3) During storage, preparation, and serving, food must be protected from potential contamination;

(4) Food which is removed from the original container or package in which it was obtained must be stored in a clean, covered, nonabsorbent container; and

(5) Refrigeration facilities must be provided to assure the maintenance of potentially hazardous foods at 41 degrees Fahrenheit or below during storage. Frozen foods must be kept frozen and must be stored at a temperature of 0 degrees Fahrenheit or below Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-Reference: Potentially hazardous food, § 44:02:07:18.

67:42:03:11.09. Insect and rodent control. A family day care provider must take effective measures to minimize the presence of rodents and insects on the premises. Doors and windows used for outside ventilation must be screened and in good repair Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:11.10. Railings. All floor and wall openings, open-sided areas, platforms, and decks which are 30 inches or more above the adjacent ground level must be guarded by a railing or barrier. The railing or barrier must be constructed to prevent a child from crawling or falling through or becoming entrapped Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 20 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:12. Sanitation requirements. A family day care home must be kept clean, neat, and free of litter and rubbish.

If care is provided to infants, the home must have a diaper changing table or pad that has a surface that is easily cleanable and nonabsorbent. The table or pad must be cleaned after each use with a solution of one ounce of household bleach to one quart of water.

If a toy comes in contact with a child's saliva or other bodily fluids it must be sanitized with a solution of one ounce of household bleach to two gallons of water or washed and rinsed in a mechanical dishwasher.

If a provider finds a product that the provider prefers to use instead of bleach, the provider shall submit the product label to the department. The department, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall review the product and make a determination of whether the product and the provider's established procedures for using the product is an effective and acceptable disinfectant for a child care program.

Hazardous cleaning solutions, chemicals, and poisons must be labeled and kept in an enclosed cabinet that is not accessible to children. The program shall have procedures in place for the handling and storage of hazardous materials and the disposal of bio contaminants.

Garbage and refuse must be kept in durable, easily cleanable containers that do not leak and do not absorb liquids. Garbage and refuse must be disposed of often enough to prevent the development of odor and the attraction of insects and rodents <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 4 SDR 2, effective July 25, 1977; 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:13. Nutrition requirements. If a child is in family day care during the home's regular meal time, the child must be offered a meal which consists of a variety of foods which supplies at least one-third of the child's daily nutritional needs. Nutritious midmorning, midafternoon, and evening snacks must be served between meals as long as there are at least two hours between each meal and snack. Breakfast may be substituted for the midmorning snack. The provider shall prepare and post menus of the meals available at the home for the week and shall record on the menu the food actually served. The provider shall retain the menus for a period of six months after the week for which it was prepared.

The provider shall have a written plan for prevention and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions.

Infants must be fed according to their individual schedule and must be held while bottle feeding Repealed.

Source: 4 SDR 2, effective July 25, 1977; 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:15. Presence of the provider. Whenever a child is in care during the day, the provider or a substitute provider must be present in the family day care home and awake and alert to the needs of the child. Whenever a child is in care during the night, the provider or substitute provider must be present in the family day care home and accessible and responsive to a child who awakens during the night and requires attention. When a substitute provider is to be used, the provider must notify the child's parent.

If the child is three years of age or older, the provider may supervise outdoor activities from inside the home if the child playing outside is within the provider's line of sight.

If providing care for a child under the age of three, the provider or substitute provider must meet the following additional requirements:

(1) Must be on the same level of the home as the child or be able to hear the child and expeditiously respond to the child's needs;

(2) Must provide each child with a daily opportunity to freely move about in a safe, clean, and uncluttered area; and

(3) Must provide direct supervision when the child is outside <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 4 SDR 2, effective July 25, 1977; 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-References: Qualifications of helpers, § 67:42:03:07.01; Definition of "substitute provider," § 67:42:01:01; Water safety, § 67:42:03:20.

67:42:03:16. Discipline. Discipline techniques used must offer clear-cut limits and direction to help a child to develop self-control and respect for the rights of others. Discipline techniques must be appropriate to the child's age and developmental level. Separation, when used as discipline, must be within sight and hearing range of a staff member responsible for caring for children. Discipline may not be delegated to older children or peers. Humiliating or frightening punishment such as the following are prohibited:

(1) Spanking, hitting, pinching, biting, shaking, or inflicting any other unusual physical punishment;

(2) Verbal abuse, threats, or derogatory remarks about self or family;

(3) Restriction of movement or confinement. A child may not be isolated in a locked room or closet;

(4) Punishment for lapses in toilet training;

(5) Withholding or forcing of meals, snacks, or naps; and

(6) Use of substances such as soap, pepper, or hot pepper sauce for punishment of undesirable behaviors <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 10 SDR 48, effective November 21, 1983; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:17. Playground area and equipment. The playground must be kept free of litter, trash, weeds, and other hazardous materials such as lawn care equipment, tools, abandoned household appliances, flammable materials, and abandoned automobiles. Playground equipment must be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations and maintained in good repair.

The department may require a provider to fence in the playground area if conditions or circumstances have the potential to cause injury or be a life threatening situation to children Repealed.

Source: 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-Reference: Water safety, § 67:42:03:20.

67:42:03:18. Parental observation. Family day care providers must allow a parent to observe the parent's child at any time and immediately on request <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:19. Handwashing. A family day care provider must wash his or her hands after using the restroom, after changing a diaper, after working with soiled clothing or bedding, and before handling food.

The provider must ensure that a child's hands are washed before and after meals and after the child has used the bathroom <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:20. Water safety. Children may not play in areas where there is any body of water unless they are under constant supervision. A body of water includes pools, hot tubs, fish ponds, ditches, animal watering tanks, tubs, pails, sinks, toilets, or any other area which presents a drowning risk to young children.

Swimming pools located on the premises of the provider's home and not emptied after each use must be secured on all sides with a fence that is at least five feet high and constructed to discourage climbing. A wall of the home may not be considered as one side of the fence if that area of the house has access to the pool area. Exits from and entrances to the pool must have self-closing, latching gates that must be latched and locked at all times when day care children are present. If the home has a hot tub, the tub must be covered with a safety cover approved by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:21. Other hazardous conditions. The department may direct a provider to remove or correct hazardous conditions or circumstances not covered in this chapter if the department considers the conditions or circumstances to have the potential to cause injury or illness to the children in care. Hazardous conditions may not be accessible to children. Examples of items that may result in a hazardous condition include the following:

(1) Firearms including pellet guns, BB guns, and cap guns;

(2) Ammunition;

(3) Archery bows and arrows;

(4) Matches and lighters;

(5) A trampoline; and

(6) Cords from curtains or blinds Repealed.

Source: 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:22. Pets. If a pet is present at the family day care home, indoors or outdoors, the provider must ensure that the following requirements are met:

(1) The pet must be in good health, show no evidence of carrying any disease, and be a friendly companion to the children and parents;

(2) Wild or dangerous animals such as ferrets, lizards, or other reptiles must be kept in a covered glass container or tank that is inaccessible to children;

(3) Potentially aggressive animals such as pitbulls and rottweilers must be confined and kept away from the children;

(4) Dogs or cats must be immunized for any disease that can be transmitted to humans and must be maintained on a flea, tick, and worm control program;

(5) The provider must have documentation, signed by a veterinarian, that the pet has had the required immunizations and that the immunizations are current;

(6) The pet's living quarters must be kept clean;

(7) Litter boxes must be covered and kept clean in order to eliminate odor; and

(8) The pet's food supply may not be accessible to the children <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:03:23. Sleeping arrangements. Each child must be provided with or must bring a mat or blanket to be used during nap or rest periods. A provider may not allow a child to nap or rest directly on bare or carpeted floors.

If nighttime care is provided, the provider shall provide a cot or bed for each child in nighttime care.

Cribs and mattresses must be maintained in good repair. Stackable cribs may not be used. Soft bedding materials that could pose a suffocation hazard may not be used in cribs or playpens.

Infants must be placed on their backs for sleeping Repealed.

Source: 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013;

43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

CHAPTER 67:42:07

GROUP CARE CENTERS FOR MINORS

Section

67:42:07:01	Definitions.
67:42:07:01.01	Shelter care facility Length of stay.
67:42:07:01.02	Agreement to provide alternative services.
67:42:07:02	Qualifications for program director.
67:42:07:03	Staff-child ratio.
67:42:07:04	Orientation and in-service training.
67:42:07:04.01	Reasonable and prudent parent standard requirements, Transferred.
67:42:07:05	Treatment plan.
67:42:07:06	Repealed.
67:42:07:07	Staff qualifications Contact with references required.
67:42:07:08	Repealed.
67:42:07:09	Personnel record.
67:42:07:10	Health care of children.
67:42:07:11	Fire and health inspections.
67:42:07:11.01	Building plans.
67:42:07:12	Sleeping space.
67:42:07:13	Nutrition requirements.
67:42:07:14	Volunteers.
67:42:07:15	Staff responsibility for reporting suspected in-house incidents of child
	abuse or neglect.

- 67:42:07:15.01 Resident and family grievance procedures.
- 67:42:07:16 Facility procedures for handling suspected in-house child abuse.
- 67:42:07:17 Interstate placement of children.
- 67:42:07:18 Written policy on discipline.
- 67:42:07:19 Written procedures for medication administration.
- 67:42:07:20 Psychotropic medications.
- 67:42:07:21 Repealed.
- 67:42:07:22 Required medication records.
- 67:42:07:23 Medication control.
- 67:42:07:24 Use of seclusion and restraint to be approved by child placement agency -- Required documentation.
- 67:42:07:25 Physical requirements for room used for seclusion.
- 67:42:07:26 Staff person to monitor seclusion room.
- 67:42:07:27 Placement in seclusion or restraint -- Limits.
- 67:42:07:28 Review and evaluation of treatment plan.
- 67:42:07:29 Written policy requirements.

67:42:07:04.01. Reasonable and prudent parent standard requirements. The reasonable and prudent parent standard for group care centers requires:

(1) Each facility will have onsite at least one official who, with respect to any child placed at the child care institution, is designated to be the caregiver who is authorized to apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard to decisions involving the participation of the child in age or developmentally-appropriate activities;

(2) Each designated official will be provided with training in how to use and apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard; and

(3) A facility is not liable for harm caused to a child in an out of home placement if the child participates in an activity approved by the facility, provided that the facility has acted in accordance with the reasonable and prudent parent standard Transferred to § 67:42:01:06.01.

Source: 42 SDR 97, effective January 4, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross Reference: Reasonable and prudent parent standard, § 67:42:01:01(12).

CHAPTER 67:42:10

LICENSED DAY CARE PROGRAMS

(Repealed)

Section

67:42:10:00	Definitions, Repealed.
67:42:10:01	Statement defining purpose and function, Repealed.
67:42:10:02	Qualifications for director or proprietor, Repealed.
67:42:10:02.01	Qualifications for individual responsible for program planning and
	staff supervision, Repealed.
67:42:10:03	Transferred.
67:42:10:04	Repealed.
67:42:10:05	Qualifications of staff members, Repealed.
67:42:10:06	Staff development and training, Repealed.
67:42:10:06.01	Staff orientation, Repealed.
67:42:10:07	Staff-child ratio, Repealed.
67:42:10:08	Repealed.
67:42:10:09	Staff records and hiring requirements, Repealed.
67:42:10:10	Program standards, Repealed.
67:42:10:11	Standards for discipline, Repealed.
67:42:10:12	Parental involvement, Repealed.
67:42:10:13	Nutrition requirements, Repealed.
67:42:10:14	Health standards and immunizations for day care children, Repealed.
67:42:10:15	Medications, Repealed.

- 67:42:10:16 Building plans, Repealed.
- 67:42:10:17 Compliance with environmental health standards required --Environmental health survey, <u>Repealed</u>.
- 67:42:10:18 Fire and life safety, <u>Repealed</u>.
- 67:42:10:19 Physical standards for facility, <u>Repealed</u>.
- 67:42:10:20 Night-time care, <u>Repealed</u>.
- 67:42:10:21 Repealed.
- 67:42:10:22 Staff responsibility for reporting suspected incidents of child abuse or neglect. Repealed.
- 67:42:10:23 Center procedures for handling suspected in-house child abuse. Repealed.
- 67:42:10:24 Storage for personal items, <u>Repealed</u>.
- 67:42:10:25 Staff person trained in first aid and CPR must be on site during hours of operation<u>, Repealed</u>.

67:42:10:00. Definitions. Terms used in this chapter mean:

(1) "Day care center," a facility for the care and supervision of 21 or more children on a regular basis for part of a day as a supplement to regular parental care;

(2) "Day care program" or "program," refers to both day care centers and group family day care homes; and

(3) "Group family day care home," a facility where regular supervision of 13 to 20 children is provided for part of a 24-hour period as a supplement to regular parental care <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:01. Statement defining purpose and function. A licensed day care program shall submit to the department a statement of its purpose and function, the maximum number of children to be cared for, proposed age levels, its hours of service, and a description of the day care program Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:13, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:05, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:02. Qualifications for director or proprietor. The director or proprietor of a day care program must be at least 18 years of age.

The director shall demonstrate the ability to provide care for children that attends to the child's physical growth and development and to the physical, emotional, cognitive, and social needs of the child Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:16, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:07, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 20 SDR 223, effective July 7, 1994; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 25-7A-56, 26-6-16.

Cross-Reference: Staff records and qualifications, § 67:42:10:09.

67:42:10:02.01. Qualifications for individual responsible for program planning and staff supervision. The individual responsible for planning and implementing the program of the day care center and for supervising staff must be at least 18 years of age, may not have on record a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect, and must meet one of the following requirements:

(1) Have a bachelor's degree in the field of education or human development and at least two years of experience in a child care setting;

(2) Have a bachelor's degree in elementary education and at least two years of experience in a child care setting if the center cares for preschool-aged children;

(3) Have a bachelor's degree in elementary education if the center cares for school-aged children only;

(4) Have a bachelor's degree in the field of early childhood education;

(5) Have an associate of arts degree in the field of early childhood development;

(6) Be certified as a child development associate;

(7) Have a prekindergarten teacher endorsement;

(8) Hold certification in a Montessori teacher training program and have at least one year of experience in Montessori school or child care setting; or

(9) Have a child development technician diploma.

The department may waive the requirements of this section if an individual met the requirements of this section before September 29, 2004 Repealed.

Source: 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Note: Information relating to certification as a child development associate may be obtained from the South Dakota Department of Social Services, Office of Child Care Services, 700 Governors Drive, Pierre, South Dakota 57501 (1-800-227-3020).

67:42:10:05. Qualifications of staff members. A child care worker must be at least 18 years old and must work under the supervision of an individual who meets the requirements of § 67:42:10:02.01. A child care worker may be included in the staff-child ratio.

A secondary child care worker must be at least 14 years old and may be counted in the staff-child ratio only when under the direct and constant supervision of a teacher, the center director, or a child care worker and when there are at least two adults present in the center. A secondary child care worker may not be left alone with children in care.

The provisions of §§ 67:42:10:06 and 67:42:10:09 apply to child care workers, secondary child care workers, and support staff such as cooks, bus drivers, and others who have contact with children.

The provisions of § 67:42:10:09 apply to auxiliary staff, which includes those individuals such as cooks, janitors, and secretaries who provide assistance with the operation of the program but do not have direct contact with children in care.

A volunteer filling any of these positions must meet the applicable requirements Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:18, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:09, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989; 20 SDR 223, effective July 7, 1994; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-References: Revocation or refusal to issue or renew license or registration for child abuse or violence, SDCL 26-6-23.1.

67:42:10:06. Staff development and training. Each program must have and implement a written training plan. Each staff member for a group family day care home shall participate in 10 hours of training annually. Each staff member for a day care center shall participate in 20 hours of training annually. Training must be obtained in the following areas:

(1) Child growth and development;

- (2) Detecting and reporting child abuse and neglect;
- (3) Guidance and behavior management;
- (4) Food handling techniques;
- (5) Identification and prevention of communicable diseases;
- (6) Program health and safety;
- (7) Nutrition for children;
- (8) Program management and regulation;
- (9) Communication and relations with staff;
- (10) Cultural diversity;
- (11) Learning environments;
- (12) Age-appropriate activities and planning;
- (13) Professionalism;
- (14) Partnerships with parents;
- (15) Inclusion of all children; and
- (16) Basic first aid.

Instruction provided to staff members or volunteers while performing their job may not be used to meet the requirements of this rule.

The number of training hours required of staff who are not full-time employees must be proportionate to the number of hours worked.

Before an initial license is issued, the director or a designated staff person shall complete class instruction in basic first aid. In addition, if not already certified, the director shall become certified in infant-child cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). CPR shall be obtained through an entity that provides hands on skills testing as part of the training. Each staff person shall maintain a valid certification in CPR at all times Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:19, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:10, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(6)(10).

67:42:10:06.01. Staff orientation. The program shall provide for orientation of all staff, and documentation of such, to occur within 90 days after the date of employment, in at least the following areas:

(1) Prevention and control of infectious diseases;

(2) Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleep practices;

(3) Administration of medication;

(4) Prevention of and response to an emergency due to food and allergic reactions;

(5) Building and physical premises safety;

(6) Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;

(7) Emergency preparedness and response planning for an emergency resulting from a natural disaster or man-caused event;

(8) Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio

(9) Precautions in transporting a child;

(10) Recognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect;

(11) First aid;

(12) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). CPR certification is required prior to a staff member being left unsupervised to care for children; and

(13) Child development.

Orientation training may count toward the required annual training for each staff person during the person's first year of employment <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016; 45 SDR 82, effective December 10, 2018.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(3)(6)(10).

67:42:10:07. Staff-child ratio. A program must maintain the following ratio for staff and children present:

(1) For children up to three years of age, one staff person to every five children, or fraction thereof;

(2) For children three to six years of age, one staff person to every 10 children, or fraction thereof; and

(3) For children six years of age or older, one staff person to every 15 children, or fraction thereof.

The staff-child ratio of mixed-age groups must meet the requirements of the age grouping that comprises the majority of the children except when children under three years of age are present. When three or more children under the age of three years are present in the mixed-age group, the staff-child ratio for children under three years of age must be maintained.

There may be no more than 20 children in an activity grouping.

There must be a list of adults who would be available within 15 minutes of the facility in case of an emergency. This list must be posted next to the center's telephone and must include the adults' telephone numbers. Children of staff members who are also in care or are supervised at the facility must be included in determining group size and the staff-child ratio <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:20, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:11, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

61

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-Reference: Additional number of children in day care -- Staff-to-child ratios, SDCL 26-6-15.1. 67:42:10:09. Staff records and hiring requirements. A program shall maintain a record on each staff member. The record must include the staff member's name, age, address, telephone number, education and work experience, in service and orientation training, hours of work, and dates of employment and separation. The program shall make the personnel records available to the department for verification of the contents. The program shall retain personnel records for six months after the staff member's employment ends.

Before hiring an individual, the program shall contact at least three references which may include the individual's former employers. The contacts must relate to the individual's character and competence. The references may not be related to the prospective staff member and must be individuals who have known the prospective staff member prior to the time of application. References must be in the form of a documented conversation or written letter and must be on record before hiring the individual.

Before hiring an individual to work at the center, the center shall comply with the screening requirements of § 67:42:16:04 Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:29, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:20, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 20 SDR 223, effective July 7, 1994; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 24 SDR 76, effective December 11, 1997; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 45 SDR 82, effective December 10, 2018.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16(1).

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1), 26-6-23.2.

67:42:10:10. Program standards. Each program shall have written policies regarding the following:

(1) Admission and termination of service;

(2) Fee, payment, and refund policies;

(3) Health program policies for children, including the need for a current immunization record, the reporting of contagious diseases, and the storage and administration of medications;
 (4) Responsibility to report and the procedures for reporting suspected child abuse or neglect within the program;

(5) Nutrition policies, including the time meals are served, a description of a balanced meal, the program's position concerning food brought from home, the storage of food brought from home, and the feeding of infants;

(6) Transportation policies, including use of seatbelts and whether transportation is provided;

(7) An emergency preparedness and response plan;

(8) Discipline policies, including the forms of discipline used and those prohibited;

(9) Reporting changes in circumstances such as a change of facility location, the felony conviction of a staff member, or involvement with the Division of Child Protection Services or law enforcement concerning investigations of child abuse or neglect;

(10) Program activities, including a daily schedule of activities and programs;

- (11) Personnel policies and staff qualifications;
- (12) Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;
- (13) Prevention and response to an emergency due to food and allergic reactions; and
- (14) Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the disposal of bio contaminants.

In addition, there must be a written program of activities planned according to the developmental level of each group of children. The program shall provide each child with experiences which encourage self-esteem and positive self-image, social interaction, self-expression and communication skills, creative expression, large and small muscle development, and intellectual growth. The program schedule must be planned to provide a flexible balance of active and quiet activities, individual and group activities, and indoor and outdoor activities.

Each program shall have safe, non-toxic play materials and equipment for creative activity, dramatic play, language arts, and large and small muscle development and coordination Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; written policies requirement transferred from § 67:42:10:03, 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 14 SDR 98, effective January 18, 1988; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995: 24 SDR 76, effective December 11, 1997; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6)(7)(9)(12).

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6)(7)(9)(12).

Cross-Reference: Application and plan-Health and safety requirements, 42 U.S.C. § 9858c(c)(2)(I). 67:42:10:11. Standards for discipline. Each program shall have a written policy on the discipline techniques to be used for a child in care. Discipline techniques used must offer elear-cut limits with positive guidance and direction to help a child to develop self-control and respect for the rights of others. Discipline techniques must be appropriate to the child's age and developmental level. Separation, when used as discipline, must be within sight or hearing range of a staff member responsible for caring for children. Discipline may not be delegated to older children or peers. Use of humiliating or frightening punishment such as the following are prohibited:

 (1) Spanking, hitting, pinching, biting, shaking, or inflicting any other unusual physical punishment;

(2) Verbal abuse, threats, or derogatory remarks about self or family;

(3) Restriction of movement or confinement. A child may not be isolated in a locked room or closet;

(4) Punishment for lapses in toilet training;

(5) Withholding or forcing of meals, snacks, or naps to correct behavior; and
 (6) Use of substances such as soap, pepper, or hot pepper sauce for punishment of undesirable behaviors Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:12. Parental involvement. Parents must be allowed to observe their own child or children in the facility at any time and immediately upon request <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:13, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:13. Nutrition requirements. If a child is at the program during the program's regular meal time, the program shall offer the child a meal which consists of a variety of foods and supplies at least one-third of the child's daily nutritional needs. Nutritious midmorning, midafternoon, and evening snacks must be served between meals. Breakfast may be substituted for the midmorning snack. A program preparing food must meet the food service requirements contained in chapter 67:42:11. A program may serve food prepared in another facility if that facility complies with the food service requirements of chapter 67:42:11 and a copy of that facility's current food service license issued by the Department of Health is kept on file.

The program must post a weekly menu which indicates the meals to be served that week. The program must record on the weekly menu the food actually served. Each weekly menu must be retained for inspection for six months after the week for which it was prepared.

Infants must be fed according to their individual schedule and must be held while bottle feeding.

Meals, snacks, and formulas which are prepared by the child's parents and served by the program must be stored according to § 67:42:11:16 until consumed and disposed of Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; 1 SDR 30, effective October 13, 1974; transferred from § 67:14:19:22, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:14, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:14. Health standards and immunizations for day care children. Before a child may be admitted to a program, the program shall require a child's parent or guardian to submit a written statement signed by a licensed physician, physician's assistant, certified nurse practitioner, or community health nurse or an immunization record from the South Dakota Immunization Information System showing that the child meets the minimum immunization requirements as recommended by the Department of Health.

The day care center shall ensure that immunization levels of all children are current. For children who begin the series late or are more than one month behind in immunizations, the immunization levels of these children must show current progress toward achieving adequate immunization levels as recommended by a licensed physician, physician's assistant, certified nurse practitioner, or community health nurse. The Department of Health may verify immunization levels during an annual audit. If a child suffers an illness during the day, the child must be separated from other children and the child's parents must be notified. The program shall notify the Department of Health if any child in the day care center contracts a communicable disease. The program shall follow the Department of Health's recommendations for addressing a situation involving a communicable disease. The program shall have on file the name, address, and telephone number of each child's source of regular health supervision as well as other emergency medical information.

A child is exempt from meeting the minimum age-specific immunization levels if the child's parent or guardian has certification from a licensed physician stating that the physical condition of the child is such that a test or immunization would endanger the child's life or health or if the child's parent or guardian has signed a written statement that the child is an adherent to a religious doctrine whose teachings are opposed to such tests and immunizations.

Written permission from parents or guardians allowing for the child's emergency medical care must be obtained and maintained by the director Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; 1 SDR 30, effective October 13, 1974; transferred from § 67:14:19:23, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:15, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 15 SDR 162, effective May 4, 1989: 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

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Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

Cross-References: Tests and immunization for communicable diseases required for admission to school or early childhood program -- Exceptions -- Rules, SDCL 13-28-7.1; Definition of "communicable disease," § 44:20:01:01.

67:42:10:15. Medications. Medications may only be administered with the written consent of the parent or guardian and only if the consent lists the name of the medication and the date or dates the medication is to be administered. Any medication administered to a child must be documented to include the dose, name of child, time and date administered, and signature of the person administering the medication. This written documentation shall be available to the child's parent or guardian and must be kept for six months following the administration of the medication. Medications must be kept in their original container with the original label. The label for prescription medications must contain legible directions for use, the expiration date, the child's name, and the physician's name. Medications must be stored in a place which is inaccessible to children. Medication requiring refrigeration must be placed in another nonabsorbent container and labeled "medications." Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; 1 SDR 30, effective October 13, 1974; transferred from § 67:14:19:23, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:15, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:16. Building plans. Before building a new facility or renovating or altering an existing facility, the program shall submit copies of its proposed building, renovation, or alteration plans to the department for approval. The plan must indicate the interior dimensions of each room and the intended use of the room, the location of the fixtures in each bathroom, and the location of the appliances and fixtures for the kitchen. Indoor and outdoor play space must be identified <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:31, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:22, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:17. Compliance with environmental health standards required --Environmental health survey. A program must satisfactorily comply with environmental health standards in chapter 67:42:11 to be licensed. An environmental health survey must be conducted by the Department of Health before the initial licensing of the program and each year thereafter for licensure renewal <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:32, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:23, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:18. Fire and life safety. A licensed day care center shall comply with the construction and fire safety requirements in chapter 61:15:05. A licensed group family day care home shall comply with the fire safety requirements in chapter 61:15:06. The Department of Public Safety, the city fire inspection authority, or the city health inspection authority shall inspect the center before an initial license is issued and each year thereafter. Before an initial license is issued, the center shall provide to the department a copy of the inspection results. The inspection results must indicate compliance with the fire and life safety requirements. Each year thereafter, the center shall provide to the department a copy of the inspection results indicate compliance with the fire and life safety requirements.

Fire drills are required at least four times a year. The program shall conduct one tornado drill at the beginning of each summer. The program shall document completion of fire and tornado drills Repealed.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:33, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:24, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 20 SDR 223, effective July 7, 1994; 24 SDR 76, effective December 11, 1997; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16(2).

67:42:10:19. Physical standards for facility. The program's facility must contain not less than 35 square feet of play space indoors and 50 square feet of play space outdoors for each child present. Floor space used for permanent and stationery equipment and furniture, storage, halls, bathrooms, offices, and kitchens may not be included in the determination of usable play space for children. No more than half of the space occupied by cribs may be used in determining total square feet of play space <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: SL 1975, ch 16, § 1; transferred from § 67:14:19:34, 4 SDR 10, effective August 28, 1977; transferred from § 67:41:04:25, 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:20. Night-time care. Night-time care programs within the context of this chapter mean any program in operation between 7:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. When the same premises are used for the provision of both day and night care, the number of children during overlapping shift periods may not exceed the maximum licensed capacity of the program. No child may attend the program for more than 18 hours in any 24 hour period. The required staff-child ratio, as outlined in § 67:42:10:07, must be maintained during all hours of operation. Staff on duty must be awake and alert to the needs of children. Staff supervising sleeping children must be on the same floor as the sleeping children Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:22. Staff responsibility for reporting suspected incidents of child abuse or neglect. The program shall require each staff member to read and sign a statement which defines child abuse and neglect and outlines the staff member's responsibility to report all incidents of child abuse or neglect according to state law. Each staff member shall, in addition to complying with SDCL 26-8A-3 and 26-8A-8, report any incident of child abuse or neglect to the department, police, sheriff, or state's attorney and cooperate fully in the investigation of any incident <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(6). 67:42:10:23. Center procedures for handling suspected in-house child abuse. The center shall have written procedures for handling suspected in house child abuse. The procedures shall include at least the following:

(1) A procedure for ensuring that the alleged incident could not recur while awaiting the official investigation by the department or law enforcement; and

(2) A procedure for evaluating the continued employability of any staff member determined to be involved in an incident of child abuse <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 12 SDR 209, effective July 6, 1986.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:10:24. Storage for personal items. In order to prevent cross-contamination and the spread of infectious diseases and lice, a program shall provide an individual storage unit or container for each child's personal articles including combs, brushes, towels, and clothing <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16. 67:42:10:25. Staff person trained in first aid and CPR must be on site during hours of operation. During the hours the facility is in operation, there must be a least one staff person on site who is trained in both first aid and infant-child cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

CHAPTER 67:42:11

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH STANDARDS

Section

67:42:11:01	Scope of chapter.	
67:42:11:02	Playground area Group care centers, residential	
	treatment centers, day care programs, and intensive	
	residential treatment centers Swimming Pool.	
67:42:11:02.01	Space requirements Before and after school care,	
	Repealed.	
67:42:11:03 and 67:42:11:04	Repealed.	
67:42:11:05	Sleeping areas.	
67:42:11:06	Toilet facilities.	
67:42:11:06.01	Diaper changing.	
67:42:11:07	Cleaning and sanitizing of equipment, Repealed.	
67:42:11:07.01 and 67:42:11:07.02 Repealed.		
67:42:11:08	Ventilation of cooking areas.	
67:42:11:09	Water source and temperature.	
67:42:11:10	Electrical outlet covers.	
67:42:11:11	Repealed.	
67:42:11:12	Heating, ventilating, and cooling systems.	
67:42:11:13	Repealed.	
67:42:11:14	Railings.	
67:42:11:15	Other hazardous Hazardous conditions.	

67:42:11:15.01	Traffic through food preparation area prohibited,		
	Repealed.		
67:42:11:16	Food supplies.		
67:42:11:17	Repealed.		
67:42:11:18	Food storage—General requirements.		
67:42:11:19	Repealed.		
67:42:11:20	Raw fruits and vegetables, Repealed.		
67:42:11:21 and 67:42:11:22	Repealed.		
67:42:11:23	Employee health <u>, Repealed</u> .		
67:42:11:24	Personal cleanliness.		
67:42:11:25	Food service practices.		
67:42:11:26 to 67:42:11:28	Repealed.		
67:42:11:29	Equipment and utensil cleaning and storage.		
67:42:11:30 to 67:42:11:32	Repealed.		
67:42:11:33	Handwashing.		
67:42:11:34	Garbage and refuse <u>, Repealed</u> .		
67:42:11:35	Repealed.		
67:42:11:36	Insect and rodent control, Repealed.		
67:42:11:37	Floor construction, Repealed.		
67:42:11:38	Floor carpeting, Repealed.		
67:42:11:39	Walls and ceilings Maintenance and construction		
	Facility maintenance.		
67:42:11:40	Housekeeping.		

67:42:11:41	Laundry.
67:42:11:42 and 67:42:11:43	Repealed.
67:42:11:44	Pets.

67:42:11:01. Scope of chapter. The environmental health standards-contained in this chapter apply only to chapters 67:42:07—Group care centers; 67:42:08–Residential treatment centers; 67:42:10—Licensed day care programs; 67:42:14 --- Before and after school care, and 67:42:15—Intensive residential treatment center, unless otherwise-specifically indicated.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 32 SDR 33, effective August 31, 2005; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:02. Playground area — Group care centers, residential treatment centers, day care programs, and intensive residential treatment centers <u>Swimming pool</u>. The playground area for group care centers, residential treatment centers, day care programs, and intensive residential treatment centers must have at least-50 fifty square feet of play area for each child <u>during</u> each scheduled recess time. Day care programs shall enclose playground areas with a fence. All other facilities shall enclose and must <u>be enclosed with a fence, if</u> the playground-if it is within-25 twenty-five feet of a high volume high-volume traffic area, or located near any hazardous area. The fence must be at least four feet high. The playground must be kept free of litter, trash, and weeds. <u>Playground equipment must be installed per</u> manufacturer recommendations and maintained in good repair.

Swimming pools <u>A</u> swimming pool located on the premises and not emptied after each use must be secured on all sides with a fence that is at least five feet high and constructed to discourage climbing. A wall of the facility or home may not be considered as one side of the fence if that area of the facility or home has access to the pool area prevents child access. Exits from and entrances to the pool must have self-closing, latching gates that must be latched and locked at all times when children are present.

Playground equipment must be properly installed and maintained in good repair. Sandboxes must be kept free from animal excrement and must permit drainage.

When there are children on the playground, the staff-child ratio required in §§ 67:42:07:03, 67:42:08:03, 67:42:10:07, and 67:42:15:14 must be maintained on the playground. **Source:** 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 32 SDR 33, effective August 31, 2005; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross-Reference: Physical standards for facility, § 67:42:10:19.

67:42:11:02.01. Space requirements -- Before and after school care. A before and after school care center must provide a minimum of 25 square feet of play space indoors for each child in care. Floor space used for permanent and stationary equipment and furniture, storage, halls, bathrooms, offices, kitchens, and mechanical rooms may not be included when calculating the indoor space. If the floor is used for quiet activities or resting, the floor must be covered with a padded covering, such as a rug or carpet. The center must provide space for children to store their personal belongings.

The center must provide a minimum of 50 square feet of outdoor play space for each child each scheduled recess time. Use of nearby playgrounds, parks, hazard-free lots, or streets blocked off by local authorities may be used to meet the minimum requirement if a playground is either not available or the existing playground area does not meet the minimum requirement. Outdoor areas that contain unsafe areas or obstacles that have the potential to cause injury or be life-threatening to children must be contained, fenced, or have barriers to restrict children from the unsafe areas <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:05. Sleeping areas. Group care centers, residential treatment centers, and intensive residential treatment centers must provide a <u>A</u> minimum of <u>50 fifty</u> square feet of floor space <u>must be provided</u> for the first client occupying a sleeping area with an additional <u>30 thirty</u> square feet for each additional client occupying the same sleeping space.

In day care programs where only short naps or rest periods are scheduled, the facility must provide a minimum of 3 feet between each child. The child must be provided with or must bring a pad, blanket, or rug for this purpose. For overnight care, the facility must provide a cot or bed for each child in overnight care. A facility must change the crib sheets between use by different children. Cribs and mattresses must be maintained in good repair. Stackable cribs may not be used. Soft bedding materials that could pose a suffocation hazard may not be used in cribs or playpens. Infants must be placed on their backs for sleeping.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 32 SDR 33, effective August 31, 2005; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross-reference:

Scope of chapter, § 67:42:11:01.

67:42:11:06. Toilet facilities. If a group care center, residential treatment center, or intensive residential treatment center provides <u>Where</u> care for both male and female clients, it shall provide is provided, separate toilet facilities for each gender <u>must be provided</u>. There must be a minimum of one toilet and one hand lavatory for every-<u>12 twelve</u> male clients and a minimum of one toilet and one hand lavatory for every-<u>12 twelve</u> female clients. Showers or bathtubs must be provided at the ratio of one shower or bathtub for every-<u>5 five</u> male clients

Day care programs and before and after school care programs shall provide a minimum of one toilet and one hand lavatory for every 15 children. The facility shall maintain separate bathrooms for each gender. A facility serving more than 20 children shall have a service sink for cleaning mops or similar wet floor cleaning tools and for disposing of mop water and similar liquid waste. Day care programs shall either have a permanently plumbed bathtub or a portable bathtub for the bathing of infants and toddlers. Bathtubs must be emptied immediately after each individual use and must be sanitized with a solution of one ounce of household bleach to one quart of water.

There must be toilet training equipment for children being toilet trained but this equipment does not count as toilets in the toilet child ratio.

Hot and cold water through a mixing faucet must be supplied to all lavatories, showers, or tubs.

There must be natural or mechanical ventilation in all restrooms.

The interior surfaces of the room must be finished so that the room is easily cleanable and impervious to moisture penetration. Toilet fixtures must be kept clean and in good repair. A supply of toilet tissue must be provided at each toilet at all times. Easily cleanable receptacles must be provided for waste materials. Metal receptacles must be lined with plastic liners. Toilet rooms used by women must have at least one covered waste receptacle.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 32 SDR 33, effective August 31, 2005; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross-reference:

Scope of chapter, § 67:42:11:01.

67:42:11:06.01. Diaper changing. Facilities which care for <u>Where</u> infants are cared <u>for, there</u> must <u>have be</u> a diaper changing table, with a top <u>which that</u> is easily cleanable and nonabsorbent. The table must be cleaned after each use with a solution of one ounce of household bleach to one quart of water. If a provider finds a product that the provider prefers to use instead of bleach, the provider shall submit the product label to the department. The department, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall review the product and make a determination of whether the product and the provider's established procedures for using the product is an effective and acceptable disinfectant.

Soiled-disposable diapers must be kept in a leakproof, nonabsorbent container which that is kept covered with a tight-fitting lid-and disposed of as required in § 67:42:11:35.

A hand lavatory is required must be located near the diaper changing area and must be separate from that used in the food preparation area.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross-reference:

Scope of chapter, § 67:42:11:01.

67:42:11:07. Cleaning and sanitizing of equipment. Equipment, utensils, kitchenware, dining tables, and food contact surfaces of equipment must be washed, rinsed, and sanitized. Manual sanitization must include immersion in a solution of one ounce of household bleach to two gallons of water after each use and following any interruption of operations during which contamination might have occurred. Mechanical sanitization must include a sanitizing cycle in which hot water, not hot air, is used and the water temperature is maintained at 150 degrees Fahrenheit.

------Single-service articles may be used only once and must be discarded after use.

Dining tables must be sanitized after each meal and, if used in the meantime, before the next meal by washing with a solution of one ounce of household bleach to two gallons of water. Food contact surfaces must be free of breaks, open seams, cracks, chips, pits, and similar imperfections.

Toys capable of being placed in a child's mouth must be washed, rinsed, and sanitized daily by the method described in this section.

The facility may use any of the sanitizing solutions contained in § 44:02:07:56. If the provider finds a product that the provider prefers to use instead of bleach, the provider shall submit the product label to the department. The department, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall review the product and make a determination of whether the product and the provider's established procedures for using the product is an effective and acceptable disinfectant for a child care program Repealed.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:08. Ventilation of cooking areas. A facility that provides care for, in which more than 20 twenty children are cared for, must provide a ventilation hood over all cooking areas for the type of appliance and intended use, as required in § 61:15:01:01. A ventilation hood must be constructed of metal, vented to the outside, and have a removable grease filter.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:09. Water source and temperature. Enough water for the needs of the program must be provided. Water must be derived from a community water system or from a water system that is tested at least annually by the Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources or a laboratory certified by the Department of Health to conduct such tests State of South Dakota to test drinking water. The water must be tested for bacteria and nitrate levels and must be safe for consumption. The provider shall maintain-written documentation of the test results.

The hot water supply system must be large enough to meet the peak hot water demands of the facility. Hot water from plumbing fixtures normally utilized for the everyday living activities of clients may not exceed <u>120 one hundred twenty</u> degrees Fahrenheit.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 14 SDR 37, effective September 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016; SL 2021, ch 1, §§ 8, 19, effective April 19, 2021.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross-References: General rules, ch <u>chapter</u> 74:02:01;<u>.</u> Water system operators, art <u>article</u> 74:21. 67:42:11:10. Electrical outlet covers. Except for day care centers and group family day care homes, facilities caring for <u>A</u> facility, in which children aged four years and younger under age five are cared for, must-cover have unused electrical outlets covered with an Underwriters' Laboratories-_approved electrical outlet cover. Facilities that are for children aged four years and younger and which were If the facility was constructed or approved after June 4, 1995, <u>it</u> must have self-closing outlet covers that cover outlet holes automatically upon removal of appliance prongs.

Day care centers must meet the requirements of § 61:15:05:13.

Group family day care homes must meet the requirements of § 61:15:06:10.

Source: 7 SDR 66, 7 SDR 89, effective July 1, 1981; 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:12. Heating, ventilating, and cooling systems. Each facility must have a working heating, ventilating, and cooling system.

Heating, ventilating, and cooling systems must be inspected at least once a year by a person qualified through experience in heating and ventilation maintenance. Verification of the inspection must be The inspector shall provide a signed, written statement made by the person making verifying the inspection and must shall include the date of the inspection and the person's signature. This written verification must be kept on file in the facility, be made available to the department, upon request, and retained for three years.

Electric fans, if used, must be guarded to limit the size of the opening in the blade guard to less than one-quarter inch.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(3)(6).

67:42:11:14. Railings. All floor and wall openings, open-sided stairs, open-sided mezzanine areas, platforms, and decks, which are <u>30 thirty</u> inches or more above the adjacent ground level, must be guarded by a railing or barrier, that conforms with applicable building code requirements. The railing or barrier must be constructed to prevent a child from crawling or falling through or becoming entrapped.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:15. Other hazardous <u>Hazardous</u> conditions. <u>Hazardous cleaning solutions</u>, chemicals, poisons, and substances must be labeled, and stored in a safe place or kept in an <u>enclosed cabinet that is inaccessible to clients</u>. The department may direct a facility to remove or correct other hazardous conditions or circumstances not covered in this chapter, if the department considers the conditions or circumstances to have the potential to cause injury or illness to clients or staff.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987.General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

67:42:11:15.01. Traffic through food preparation area prohibited. The traffic of unauthorized persons through the food preparation, food storage, and ware washing area is prohibited Repealed.

Source: 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:16. Food supplies. Food must be free from spoilage, filth, or other contamination, and must be safe for human consumption. The use of home-canned foods is prohibited.

Fluid milk and fluid milk products, used or served, must be pasteurized and must meet Grade A quality standards, as defined in SDCL subdivision 39-6-1(4)(2). Dry milk and dry milk products must be made from pasteurized milk and milk products, and may be used in food preparation, but not for drinking.

Only clean whole eggs with shell intact and without cracks, pasteurized liquid, frozen, or dry eggs, or pasteurized egg products may be used, except that hard-boiled, peeled eggs commercially prepared and packaged may be used.

The temperature of potentially hazardous foods, as defined in § 44:02:07:18, that must be kept cold, must be-41 kept at forty-one degrees Fahrenheit or below-or-140, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. The temperature of potentially hazardous foods, as defined in § 44:02:07:18, that must be kept warm, must be kept at one hundred forty degrees Fahrenheit or above, at all times, except as other otherwise provided in this chapter. Potentially hazardous foods must be reheated rapidly to-165 one hundred sixty-five degrees Fahrenheit or higher throughout, before being served.

Frozen foods must be kept frozen and must be stored at a temperature of zero degrees Fahrenheit or below and must be thawed in one of the following ways.

- (1) In refrigerated units at a temperature not exceeding 41 degrees Fahrenheit;
- (2) Under potable running water that is 70 degrees Fahrenheit or below;
- (3) In a microwave oven if the food will be immediately transferred to conventional cooking facilities as part of a continuous cooking process;

(4) In a microwave oven if the entire, uninterrupted cooking process takes place in the microwave oven; or

(5) As a part of the conventional cooking process.

Food <u>Light fixtures in food</u> service areas must have light fixtures which contain shielded or shatterproof bulbs.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:18. Food storage-- General requirements. The following are general requirements for food storage:

(1) Food, whether raw or prepared, if removed from the container or package in which it was obtained, must be stored in a clean, covered container, except during necessary periods of preparation or service. Container;

(2)<u>The</u> covers <u>of containers used for food storage</u> must be impervious and nonabsorbent, except that linens or napkins may be used for lining or covering bread or roll containers;

(2) (3) Containers of food must be stored a minimum of six inches above the floor, in a manner that protects the food from splash and other contamination, and that permits easy cleaning of the storage area;

(3) (4) Metal The requirement for storage above the floor, as set forth in subdivision (3), does not apply to pressurized beverage containers and or cased food that is packaged in cans, glass, or other waterproof containers need not be elevated when, unless the container is not exposed to floor moisture;

(4)-(5) Food and containers of food may not be stored under exposed or unprotected sewer lines or water lines, except for automatic fire protection sprinkler heads that may be required by law. The storage;

(6) Food and containers of food may not be stored in toilet rooms, or in vestibules-is prohibited; and

(5) (7) Food not subject to further washing or cooking before serving must be stored in a way that protects it against-cross contamination cross-contamination from food requiring washing or cooking.

104

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:20. Raw fruits and vegetables. Raw fruits and raw vegetables must be thoroughly washed with potable water before being cooked or served <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:23. Employee health. No person may work in a food service establishment in any capacity which can result in the contamination of food or food contact surfaces or in the transmission of disease to another person under any of the following circumstances:

(1) The person has an acute respiratory infection;

(2) The person is infected with or is a carrier of any disease that can be transmitted by foods; or

(3) The person has a boil or an infected wound Repealed.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:29. Equipment and utensil <u>cleaning and</u> storage. <u>Equipment</u>, utensils, <u>kitchenware</u>, dining tables, and food contact surfaces of equipment must be washed, rinsed, <u>and sanitized after each use</u>.

Manual sanitization must include immersion in a solution of one ounce of household bleach to two gallons of water after each use and following any interruption of operations during which contamination might have occurred.

Mechanical sanitization must include a sanitizing cycle in which hot water, not hot air, is used and the water temperature is maintained at one hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit.

Equipment and utensils must be stored as follows:

(1) <u>Cleaning and sanitized Sanitized</u> utensils and equipment must be stored at least six inches above the floor in a clean, dry location, in a way that protects them from contamination in any form-:

(2) The food contact surfaces of fixed equipment must be protected from contamination-:

(3) Equipment and utensils may not be placed under exposed sewer lines or water lines, except for automatic fire protection sprinkler heads;

(2)(4) Utensils not air dried air-dried before being stored must be stored in a self-

draining position; and

(3) (5) Cups and glasses must be stored inverted.;

(6) Other-stored utensils must be stored covered or inverted-wherever practical.; and

(7) Knives, forks, and spoons must be stored in <u>facilities a container</u> that present the handle to the <u>consumer</u> client or employee.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross-Reference: Cleaning and sanitizing of equipment, § 67:42:11:07.

67:42:11:33. Handwashing. Staff members shall wash their hands <u>with soap</u>, after using the restroom, after changing a diaper, after <u>working with handling</u> soiled clothing or bedding, and before handling food.

Day care programs shall ensure that a child's hands are washed before and after meals and after the child has used the bathroom.

Handwashing facilities must-be:

(1) Be located so as to permit convenient use by both employees and clients and must meet the following requirements:;

(1) (2) At least one handwashing facility must be provided <u>Be located</u> in the food preparation area or directly adjacent to the food preparation area;

(2)(3) Handwashing facilities must be <u>Be</u> located in <u>all each</u> toilet rooms room;

(3)(4) Handwashing facilities must be <u>Be</u> located near any diaper changing area;

(4)(5) A supply of <u>Be provided with hand cleansing soap</u> or detergent must be available at each handwashing facility; and

(5) (6) A supply of <u>Be provided with single-use towels</u> must be available at each handwashing facility.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:34. Garbage and refuse. Garbage and refuse must be kept in durable, easily eleanable, insectproof, and rodentproof containers that do not leak and do not absorb liquids. Garbage and refuse on the premises must be stored in a manner and disposed of often enough to make them inaccessible to animals and insects. Outside storage of unprotected plastic bags is prohibited Repealed.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 15 SDR 94, effective January 1, 1989; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995; 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:36. Insect and rodent control. Effective measures must be taken to minimize the presence of rodents, flies, cockroaches, and other insects on the premises. The premises must be maintained so as to prevent the harborage or feeding of insects or rodents. Openings to the outside must be effectively protected against the entrance of rodents. Outside openings must be protected against the entrance of insects by tight-fitting, self-closing doors, closed windows, screening, controlled air currents, or other means. Screen doors must be self-closing and screens for windows, doors, skylights, transoms, intake and exhaust air ducts, and other openings to the outside must be tight fitting and free of breaks. Screening material may not be less than 16 mesh to the inch Repealed.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16. 67:42:11:37. Floor construction. Floors in food preparation areas, wet areas, laundry areas, and storage areas must be constructed of smooth durable material such as sealed concrete, terrazzo, ceramic tile, durable grades of linoleum or plastic, or tight wood impregnated with plastic and must be maintained in good repair. Nothing in this section prohibits the use of antislip floor covering in areas where necessary for safety purposes Repealed.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16. 67:42:11:38. Floor carpeting. Carpeting, if used as a floor covering, must be of closely woven construction, installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, easily eleanable, and maintained in good repair. Carpeting may not be used in food preparation, equipment washing, and utensil washing areas where it would be exposed to large amounts of grease and water, in food storage rooms, or in restrooms <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 21 SDR 206, effective June 4, 1995.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:39. Walls and ceilings -- Maintenance and construction Facility maintenance. Walls and Floors, walls, ceilings, including doors, windows, and skylights, and similar closures, must be maintained easily cleanable and in good repair. The walls, including nonsupporting partitions, wall coverings, and ceilings of walk-in refrigeration units, food preparation areas, equipment washing and utensil washing areas, and vestibules must be easily cleanable. Concrete or pumice blocks used for interior wall construction in these locations must be finished and sealed to provide an easily cleanable surface. Wall construction in living areas such as bedrooms, lounges, and living rooms need not be of nonabsorbent or smooth construction but must be amenable to easy cleaning and must be maintained in good repair.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 45 SDR 159, effective July 1, 2019.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:11:40. Housekeeping. All parts of the facility must be-kept clean, neat, and free of litter and rubbish. Equipment and supplies must be provided for cleaning of all surfaces. Cleaning equipment must be maintained in a safe, sanitary condition. Cleaning must be performed in a manner that minimizes the spread of pathogenic microorganisms in the facility's atmosphere. Cleaning must include all environmental surfaces within the facility that are subject to contamination from dust, direct splash, or pathogenic organisms. Hazardous cleaning solutions, chemicals, poisons, and substances must be labeled, stored in a safe place, and kept in an enclosed cabinet that is not accessible to clients Garbage must be kept in durable, easily cleanable, insect-proof, and rodent-proof containers that do not leak or absorb liquids. Measures must be taken to minimize the presence of rodents, flies, cockroaches, and other insects on the premises.

Source: 13 SDR 197, effective July 1, 1987; 14 SDR 20, effective August 13, 1987.General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

CHAPTER 67:42:14

BEFORE AND AFTER SCHOOL CARE

(Repealed)

Section

67:42:14:01	Definitions, Repealed.
67:42:14:02	Repealed.
67:42:14:03	Center director or proprietor, Repealed.
67:42:14:04 and 67:42:14:05	Repealed.
67:42:14:06	Qualifications for individual responsible for program planning
	and staff supervision, Repealed.
67:42:14:07	Repealed.
67:42:14:08	Staff qualifications, Repealed.
67:42:14:09	Volunteers, Repealed.
67:42:14:10	Employee hiring practices, Repealed.
67:42:14:11	Repealed.
67:42:14:12	Staff orientation, Repealed.
67:42:14:13	Staff training, Repealed.
67:42:14:14	Staff responsibility for reporting suspected incidents of child
	abuse or neglect, Repealed.
67:42:14:15	Center activities, Repealed.
67:42:14:16	Center policies, Repealed.
67:42:14:17	Staff-child ratio, Repealed.

67:42:14:18	Repealed.
67:42:14:19	Transportation of children in care, Repealed.
67:42:14:20	Discipline, Repealed.
67:42:14:21	Nutritional requirements, Repealed.
67:42:14:22	Food preparation, Repealed.
67:42:14:23	Required records, Repealed.
67:42:14:24	Medications, Repealed.
67:42:14:25	Parental involvement, Repealed.
67:42:14:26	Building plans, Repealed.
67:42:14:27	Environmental health standards, Repealed.
67:42:14:28	Minimum fire and life safety requirements, Repealed.

67:42:14:01. Definitions. Terms used in this chapter mean:

(1) "Activity grouping," a group of children assigned to a staff member or a team of staff members and occupying an individual classroom or a well-defined space within a larger room;
 (2) "Before and after school care," care and supervision that serves as a substitute for parental care before and after school hours of children who are five years of age or older and enrolled in school;

(3) "Parent," a child's natural parent, adoptive parent, stepparent, or legal guardian;
(4) "Staff," individuals employed by the before and after school care center and volunteers providing services at the center regardless of whether or not they have direct contact with the child in care; and

(5) "Verifiable experience," experiences, paid or unpaid, which are documented through items such as written letters, school transcripts, or employment records from a previous school advisor, employer, or supervisor Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:03. Center director or proprietor. The center director or proprietor must be at least 18 years old and certified in cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) through an entity that provides hands-on skills testing as part of the training Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:06. Qualifications for individual responsible for program planning and staff supervision. The individual responsible for program planning and staff supervision must be at least 18 years old and meet one of the following requirements:

(1) Have a bachelor's degree in the field of education or human development;

(2) Have a valid Child Development Associate (CDA) credential, or a similar credential with emphasis in the care of school age children, and one year of verifiable experience caring for and supervising four or more school-aged children;

(3) Have two years of college coursework in the field of education with emphasis in the areas of preparing and implementing lesson plans, human growth and development, behavior management, interpersonal communication, art education, music education, physical education, and recreation and one year of verifiable experience caring for and supervising four or more school aged children; or

(4) Have four years of verifiable experience in the care and supervision of four or more school-aged children in a child care setting, which children were not related to the individual providing care Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:08. Staff qualifications. Staff work under the direction and supervision of the director or program planner and provide direct guidance to and supervision of the children in care. If the site serves children who are 12 years of age and older, staff must be at least 16 years old. If services are limited to children under age 12, staff must be at least 14 years old. A staff member may be included in the staff-child ratio if the staff member is at least 16 years old. Staff who are under the age of 18 may not be left alone with children in care and must receive direct and constant supervision from the director or program planner Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16. 67:42:14:09. Volunteers. If a volunteer is used to meet a staff position, the volunteer must meet the applicable staffing requirements <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:10. Employee hiring practices. Before hiring an individual, the director or proprietor shall contact at least three references that may include the individual's former employers. The contacts must relate to the individual's character and competence. The references may not be related to the prospective staff member and must be individuals who have known the prospective staff member prior to the time of application. References must be in the form of a documented conversation or written letter and must be on record before hiring the individual.

Before an individual works or provides volunteer services at the center, the center shall comply with the screening requirements of §§ 67:42:16:04 and 67:42:16:05 Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-14.3, 26-6-14.4, 26-6-16, 26-6-23.2.

67:42:14:12. Staff orientation. The center shall provide for orientation of all staff, and documentation of such, to occur within 90 days after the date of employment, in at least the following areas:

(1) Prevention and control of infectious diseases;

(2) Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleep practices;

(3) Administration of medication;

(4) Prevention of and response to an emergency due to food and allergic reactions;

(5) Building and physical premises safety;

(6) Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;

(7) Emergency preparedness and response planning for an emergency resulting from a natural disaster or man-caused event;

(8) Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio

(9) Precautions in transporting a child;

(10) Recognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect;

(11) First aid;

(12) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). CPR certification is required prior to a staff member being left unsupervised to care for children; and

(13) Child development.

——— Documentation of the completed orientation training must be kept in the staff member's personnel file. Orientation training may count toward the required annual training for each staff person during their first year of employment <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016; 45 SDR 82, effective December 10, 2018.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(3).

Cross Reference: Staff training, § 67:42:14:13.

67:42:14:13. Staff training. The center shall have a written plan for training each staff member and volunteer who works directly with children and is included in the staff-child ratio. The staff member or volunteer shall complete ten hours of training annually from the following areas:

- (1) Child growth and development;
- (2) Detecting and reporting child abuse and neglect;
- (3) Guidance and behavior management;
- (4) Food handling techniques;
- (5) Identification and prevention of communicable diseases;
- (6) Program health and safety;
- (7) Nutrition for children;
- (8) Program management and regulation;
- (9) Communication relations with staff;
- (10) Cultural diversity;
- (11) Learning environments;
- (12) Age-appropriate activities and planning;
- (13) Professionalism;
- (14) Partnerships with parents;
- (15) Inclusion of all children; and
- (16) Basic first aid.

Instruction provided to members or volunteers while performing their jobs may not be used to meet the requirements of this rule.

Before an initial license is issued, the director or a designated staff person shall complete class instruction in basic first aid. During the hours the facility is in operation, there must be at least one staff person on site who is trained in first aid and is certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). CPR training shall include hands-on skill testing as part of the training. Each staff person shall maintain a valid certification in CPR Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:14. Staff responsibility for reporting suspected incidents of child abuse or neglect. Each staff member is required to read and sign a statement that defines child abuse and neglect and outlines the staff member's responsibility to report all incidents of child abuse or neglect. Each staff member shall, in addition to complying with SDCL 26-8A-3 and 26-8A-8, report any suspected incident of child abuse or neglect to the director or a designee who shall immediately report the suspected incident of in house child abuse or neglect to the department, police, sheriff, or state's attorney and cooperate fully in the investigation <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16, 26-8A-3.

67:42:14:15. Center activities. The center's activities must provide a wide variety of activities and experiences for children. The planned daily and monthly activities and experiences must be in writing and posted throughout the facility. The activities must meet the following requirements:

(1) Be age-appropriate for and of interest to the children served;

(2) Foster a positive self-concept and sense of independence;

(3) Encourage children to think, reason, question, and experiment;

(4) Enhance physical development, academic achievement, cultural enrichment, cooperation, and promotion of a healthy view of competition;

(5) Encourage sound health and safety and wise use of leisure time;

(6) Encourage awareness of and involvement in the community at large;

(7) Be arranged to accommodate group and individual activities;

(8) Have available a supply of games, books, toys, crafts, and other materials and equipment necessary to carry out the center's activities;

(9) Include ideas and plans for activities suggested by the children in care and their parents; and

(10) Allow for flexibility while providing a balance of active, quiet, inside, and outside activities. If access to outdoor space is limited, this need may be offset by a greater amount of indoor space, such as a gym, permitting an equivalent activity Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:16. Center policies. Each before and after school care center must have written policies and procedures concerning the following:

- (1) Services offered, fees charged, and payment policies;
- (2) Discipline used for children in care;

(3) Requirements for enrollment;

(4) Termination of services;

(5) Handling and documenting injuries and illnesses;

(6) Dispensing medications;

(7) Nutritional guidelines and requirements for snacks and meals;

(8) Reporting suspected child abuse or neglect, including procedures for ensuring that the alleged incident will not reoccur while waiting for the official investigation and procedures for evaluating the continued employment of any staff member determined to be involved in an incident of child abuse;

(9) Notification to a parent when there is a significant change in the center's services or policies;

(10) Sharing with the parent information concerning the child's health, development, or behavior;

(11) Steps to be followed if a child fails to arrive at the center;

(12) Opportunities for parental involvement in program development and center operation;

(13) Confidentiality of records and information relating to children in care and their families;

(14) Prevention and response to an emergency due to a food or allergic reaction;

- (15) An emergency preparedness and response plan;
- (16) Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the disposal of bio contaminants;
- (17) Proof that immunization levels of all children are current;

(18) Separation from other children and notification of the child's parents if a child suffers an illness during the day; and

(19) Notification of the Department of Health if a child in the program contracts a communicable disease. The program shall follow the Department of Health's recommendations for addressing a situation involving a communicable disease.

A copy of the center's policies must be provided to each employee and enrolled family and a copy must be available to the department on request <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6), 26-6-20.

67:42:14:17. Staff-child ratio. The center must maintain a staff-child ratio of at least one staff person for every 15 children. The staff person may be included in the ratio if the staff member is at least 16 years of age and provides direct guidance and supervision of the children. The staff-child ratio must be maintained while children are on the playground <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:19. Transportation of children in care. If the center provides transportation for field trips or other outings, the staff-child ratio established in § 67:42:14:17 must be maintained. In meeting the staff-child ratio, at least one staff member in addition to the driver must be at least 18 years of age.

A vehicle used to transport children may not carry more people than the vehicle's stated passenger capacity Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.
 General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.
 Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:20. Discipline. Discipline techniques used must offer clear-cut limits with positive guidance and direction to help the child achieve self control and a respect for the rights of others. Discipline may not be delegated to older children or peers. A child may not be placed in an environment that would be harmful or dangerous to the child's physical or emotional health. Use of humiliating or frightening punishment such as the following are prohibited:

(1) Hitting, pinching, shaking, spanking, or inflicting any other corporal punishment;

(2) Verbal abuse, threats, or derogatory remarks about self or family;

(3) Restriction of movement by binding or enclosure in a confined space such as a closet, a locked or unlighted room, or a box or similar cube;

(4) Withholding or forcing of meals or snacks; and

(5) Use of substances such as soap, pepper, or hot pepper sauce for punishment of undesirable behaviors <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:21. Nutritional requirements. If a child is in care for four consecutive hours, the child must receive a snack or meal, whichever is appropriate for that time of day. If a child is in care during any normal mealtime hour, the child must receive a meal appropriate for that time of day.

If the center provides meals, the center must prepare and post menus on a weekly basis <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:22. Food preparation. If a center serves snacks only, there must be an area within the center designated as a snack preparation and serving area. This area must have a sink, dry storage, and refrigeration necessary to meet the needs of the center. The designated area cannot be located in a restroom, utility room, or mechanical room.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:23. Required records. The center shall maintain the following records:

(1) A record for each staff member and volunteer that includes the individual's name, age, address, telephone number, education, work experience, in-service and orientation training, annual training, dates of employment and separation, central registry screening results, results of the reference checks, and the signed child abuse and neglect form required in § 67:42:14:14. The center shall make the personnel records available to the department for verification of the contents; and

(2) An enrollment record for each child that includes the child's name, date of birth, allergies, special needs that the child has, dates of beginning and ending enrollment, names and telephone numbers of the child's parents, name and telephone number of an individual to contact in the event of an emergency, the release signed by the child's parent that allows emergency medical treatment, the name of the school where the child is enrolled, and the medication authorization required under § 67:42:14:24, if applicable. The center shall make the enrollment records available to the department on request and must maintain closed records for a minimum of six months.

If the child's record is maintained at a location other than at the center the child attends, the center the child attends must have the original signed release authorizing emergency medical treatment, the names and phone numbers of the child's parent and doctor, allergies, the name and phone number of a person to contact in case of an emergency, and the authorization to administer medication, if applicable <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(3), 26-6-20.

Cross-References: Background check, § 67:42:16:04; Prohibition of licensure, registration, or operation by person convicted of child abuse or other felony, or whose name appears on registry --- Failure to report as misdemeanor, SDCL 26-6-14.10.

67:42:14:24. Medications. Medications may only be administered with the written consent of the parent or guardian and only if the consent lists the name of the medication and the date or dates the medication is to be administered. A copy of the consent form must be maintained in the child's record. Any medication administered to a child must be documented to include the dose, name of child, time and date administered, and signature of the person administering the medication. This written documentation shall be available to the child's parent or guardian and must be kept for six months following the administration of the medication. Medications must be kept in the original container with the original label intact. The label for prescription medications must contain legible directions for use, the expiration date, the child's name, and the physician's name. Medications must be stored in a place that is inaccessible to children. Medication requiring refrigeration must be placed in another nonabsorbent container and labeled "medications <u>Repealed.</u>"

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 31 SDR 40, effective September 29, 2004; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:25. Parental involvement. The center must allow a parent to observe the parent's child or children at any time and immediately on request. The center shall deny access to a parent if the parent is restricted through court order from having contact with the child and the center has been provided with a copy of the court order <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:26. Building plans. Before licensing a center to operate in an existing structure or before building a new structure or renovating or altering an existing structure, the center must submit copies of its building plans to the department for approval. The plans must contain the following information:

(1) Interior dimensions of and the intended use of each room;

(2) Amount and location of bathroom fixtures;

(3) Location of appliances and all other fixtures in the food preparation or kitchen area;

(4) Location of interior and exterior doorways and windows;

(5) Types of floor coverings for each room;

(6) Style of alarm system;

(7) Location of fire extinguishers, fire and smoke detectors and audible alarms, and the operation panel for the alarm system;

(8) Location of the electrical panel and electrical outlets;

(9) Location of the heating and cooling system; and

(10) Location of the water heater Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:27. Environmental health standards. A before and after school care center must comply with the environmental health standards contained in chapter 67:42:11, unless otherwise specified Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:14:28. Minimum fire and life safety requirements. A program located in a school building shall meet the applicable construction and fire safety requirements of chapters 61:15:01, 61:15:02, and 61:15:07, regardless of the number of children served. A program not located in a school building and serving less than 21 children shall meet the fire and life safety requirements of chapter 61:15:06. A program not located in a school building and serving 21 or more children shall meet the fire and life safety requirements of chapter 61:15:05.

The program shall post the emergency evacuation plans and shall conduct fire drills four times per year and shall conduct one tornado drill. The program shall document the drills.

Combustible materials must be kept away from furnaces, lighting fixtures, and other heat sources. Exit doorways and pathways may not be blocked. Steps and walkways must be kept free from the accumulation of water, ice, snow, or other debris Repealed.

Source: 27 SDR 63, effective December 31, 2000; 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

CHAPTER 67:42:16

SCOPE OF SERVICES FOR CHILD CARE PROGRAMS

(Repealed)

Section

67:42:16:01	Definitions, Repealed.
67:42:16:02	Application, Repealed.
67:42:16:03	Initial evaluation and approval Continuation of licensed operation
	Renewal of registration certificate, Repealed.
67:42:16:04	Background check, Repealed.
67:42:16:05	Repealed.
67:42:16:06	Notice to facility, Repealed.
67:42:16:07	Physical health standards required of applicant and applicant's family,
	Repealed.
67:42:16:08	Repealed.
67:42:16:09	Reporting incidents or changes in circumstances, Repealed.
67:42:16:10	Denial of license or registration certificate, Repealed.
67:42:16:11	Revocation of license or registration certificate, Repealed.
67:42:16:12	Fair hearing, <u>Repealed</u> .
67:42:16:13	Maintenance of records, Repealed.
67:42:16:14	Confidentiality, Repealed.
67:42:16:15	Transportation, Repealed.
67:42:16:16	Insurance, Repealed.

- 67:42:16:17 Final inspection reports -- Required posting, Repealed.
- 67:42:16:18 Telephones, Repealed.
- 67:42:16:19 Supervision, Repealed.

67:42:16:01. Definitions. Terms used in this chapter mean:

(1) "Alternative care," care provided in family day care homes, day care centers, group family day care homes, and before and after school programs;

(2) "Applicant," an individual, agency, institution, or organization which submits an application for a license or registration certificate to the department as provided in this chapter;
 (3) "Day care center," a facility for the care and supervision of 21 or more children on a regular basis for part of a day as a supplement to regular parental care;

(4) "Day care program" or "program," refers to both day care centers and group family day care homes;

(5) "Employee applicant," an individual applying to a provider for employment;

(6) "Family day care," the provision of regular care and supervision of no more than 12 children including the provider's own children who are under the age of six years for part of a 24-hour period as a supplement to regular parental care;

(7) "Facility," a family day care home, day care center, group family day care home, before and after school program licensed or registered under the provisions of this chapter;
 (8) "Group family day care home," a facility where regular supervision of 13 to 20 children is provided for part of a 24-hour period as a supplement to regular parental care;
 (9) "Household member," a person who uses a facility as a permanent or part-time

residence and who may have contact with children in the facility;

(10) "License," the document described in SDCL 26-6-15 which certifies that a provider meets applicable licensing standards contained in this chapter;

(11) "Medication," a substance that is intended to relieve pain or treat disease;

(12) "Provider," an individual, agency, institution, or organization providing services covered in this chapter;

(13) "Provider applicant," an individual, agency, institution, or organization applying to be a provider under this chapter;

(14) "Helper," an employee or volunteer present in the family day care home to assist with the care of children;

(15) "Registration certificate," the document described in SDCL 26-6-15 which certifies that a provider meets the family day care registration standards contained in chapter 67:42:03;
 (16) "Staff member" or "staff person," an employee or volunteer of a facility; and
 (17) "Volunteer applicant," an individual applying to provide voluntary services for a provider Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:02. Application. The provisions of this chapter apply to alternative care facilities regulated by chapters 67:42:03, 67:42:10, and 67:42:14 Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:03. Initial evaluation and approval -- Continuation of licensed operation

-- Renewal of registration certificate. The department's initial evaluation of the applicant includes reference checks, personal interviews, a screening for records of abuse or neglect, a background check, and on-site visits. The applicant shall provide three references.

Based on the inspection, the department shall determine whether to issue a license or registration certificate.

Continuation of a license is based on the department's annual inspection of the licensed facility and care provided. Renewal of a registration certificate is based on the department's annual inspection of the facility and care provided Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(10)(12).

Cross-Reference: Prohibition of licensure, registration, or operation by person convicted of child abuse or other felony, or whose name appears on registry--Failure to report as misdemeanor, SDCL 26-6-14.10; Criminal background checks, 42 U.S.C § 9858f (July 1, 2016).

67:42:16:04. Background check. The department shall secure a background check to obtain information concerning convictions for criminal offenses or substantiated reports of child abuse or neglect by an individual that provides care for or has unsupervised access to a child in care. This includes a prospective provider of family day care, a helper, a person living in a prospective family day care and a staff member in a day care program and before and after school program. An individual is prohibited from working in a licensed child care program or family day care if the background check detects any of the following:

(1) A crime that would indicate harmful behavior towards children;

(2) A crime of violence as defined by SDCL 22-1-2 or a similar statute from another state:

(3) A sex crime pursuant to SDCL chapters 22-22 or 22-24A or SDCL 22-22A-3 or similar statutes from another state;

(4) A felony conviction for domestic abuse, physical assault or battery;

(5) Within the preceding five years, a conviction for any other felony; or

(6) A substantiated report of child abuse or neglect.

A background check is required at least once during every five year period following the initial submission Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:06. Notice to facility. The department shall notify the facility that the name of the facility's employee, employee applicant, volunteer, or volunteer applicant was located through the screening process when one of the following occurs:

(1) Thirty days have lapsed since the department notified the individual that the name was located and the individual has not requested a review;

(2) Thirty days have lapsed since a review was held which upheld the department's action and the individual has not requested a fair hearing;

(3) A fair hearing was held and the decision upheld the department's action; or

(4) A screening in a state other than South Dakota resulted in a finding as outlined in SDCL 26-6-23.1 Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:07. Physical health standards required of applicant and applicant's family. An applicant for family day care must have a physical examination. A physical examination completed within the 12 months preceding the date of application is acceptable. The applicant shall obtain the physical examination forms from the department. The forms must be completed by the attending physician, physician's assistant, or certified nurse practitioner and returned to the department.

The applicant shall also present evidence to the department that each household member under the age of 18 meets the Department of Health's requirements for immunizations.

The department may request additional medical statements if a situation, such as a change in the health of the applicant or another household member indicates that an additional medical statement is desirable Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:09. Reporting incidents or changes in circumstances. The provider shall report a change in circumstances that may affect the provider's ability to comply with the requirements of the provider's license or registration certificate or ability to provide adequate care. A change in circumstances includes items such as a change of address, a change in the household size, a change in the household composition, a change in the condition of the facility or home, or involvement with the Division of Child Protection Services or law enforcement concerning allegations of child abuse or neglect. The report must be made to the provider's licensing worker or agency within 24 hours after the change in circumstance occurs.

The provider shall immediately report all incidents of suspected child abuse or neglect either to the department or to law enforcement officials.

A facility shall notify the department within 24 hours after the occurrence of an unusual incident such as fire or serious injury to a child or serious illness that results in the hospitalization of the child or the death of a child while the child is in care <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:10. Denial of license or registration certificate. The department may deny a license or registration certificate to an applicant based on an evaluation, substantiated by facts, showing that the applicant does not meet standards for care.

Within 60 days after completion of the application, the applicant must receive a written notice of approval or denial of a license or registration certificate. If the application is denied, the notice must include the reasons for the denial. An applicant may reapply when the applicant has taken corrective action related to the reasons for the original denial of the license or registration certificate <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 25-7A-56, 26-6-16.

67:42:16:11. Revocation of license or registration certificate. Violation of the provisions of this chapter are grounds for revocation of a license or registration certificate. Before a license or registration certificate is revoked, the department shall give a 30-day's written notice of revocation to the provider and shall make full disclosure of the reasons for revocation. The 30-day written notice is not required if the revocation is necessary to prevent danger to the life, health, or safety of a child.

The provider may not reapply for a licensure or registration certificate for at least one year after the date of revocation Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16, 26-6-23, 26-6-24.

67:42:16:12. Fair hearing. A provider applicant, an employee applicant, a volunteer, a volunteer applicant, or a provider is entitled to a fair hearing if aggrieved or dissatisfied with any action or inaction on the part of the department. Fair hearings are conducted under the provisions of chapter 67:17:02 Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:13. Maintenance of records. A record must be maintained by the provider on each child. The record must include the child's name, date of enrollment, date enrollment is terminated, the names and contact information of the child's parent or person to contact in the event of an emergency, and any other information required by the department or desired by the provider. A provider shall maintain these records for a period of six months after the child ceases receiving care <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013; 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016. General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(3). 67:42:16:14. Confidentiality. The files and records of the provider shall be kept confidential. A provider shall maintain in confidence all information concerning a child. Details of a child's life or that of the child's family may not be shared with unauthorized individuals unless a signed authorization is obtained. The provider shall make its files and records available for inspection by the department for registration or licensure purposes Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:15. Transportation. A vehicle used for transportation may not carry more people than its stated passenger capacity. Except when transporting children to and from school, the required staff-child ratio must be maintained when children are in transport Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:16. Insurance. Each day care center, group family day care home, and before and after school program shall carry liability insurance. Each vehicle used for transporting children must have liability insurance that covers the children being transported <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:17. Final inspection reports -- Required posting. Each facility shall post, in a visible location within the facility, a copy of the results of the facility's latest inspection. If the inspection resulted in a plan of correction, the facility shall maintain a copy of the plan and make it available to individuals on request. The facility shall also post the department's telephone number and address for individuals desiring more information concerning the facility's inspection Repealed.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:18. Telephones. Each facility shall provide one nonpay telephone which can be used for general and emergency uses <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 39 SDR 220, effective June 27, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:16:19. Supervision. The provider and staff members in a registered family day care home, licensed child care program, or a before and after school program are responsible for the direct care, protection, supervision and guidance of every child through active involvement or direct observation <u>Repealed</u>.

Source: 43 SDR 31, effective September 12, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

CHAPTER 67:42:17

CHILD CARE LICENSING

Section

- <u>67:42:17:01</u> Definitions.
- 67:42:17:02 Application for license or registration certificate.
- <u>67:42:17:03</u> Inspection.
- 67:42:17:04 Required posting.
- 67:42:17:05 Revocation of a license or registration certificate.
- 67:42:17:06 Required reporting of an incident or a change in circumstances.
- 67:42:17:07 Owner and director responsibilities.
- 67:42:17:08 Owner qualifications.
- 67:42:17:09 Program administrator qualifications.
- 67:42:17:10 Provider qualifications.
- 67:42:17:11 Assistant qualifications -- Licensed child care and school-age program.
- 67:42:17:12 Assistant qualifications -- Family day care program.
- 67:42:17:13 Background check.
- 67:42:17:14 Notice to provider.
- 67:42:17:15 Provider employee records.
- 67:42:17:16 Confidentiality.
- 67:42:17:17 Orientation training.
- 67:42:17:18 Ongoing training requirements.
- 67:42:17:19 Group size -- Center and school-age programs.

67:42:17:20 Supervision -- Center and school-age programs

- 67:42:17:21 Center and school-age program ratio.
- 67:42:17:22 Center and school-age program ratio -- Mixed age group.
- 67:42:17:23 Supervision, ratios and group size -- Family day care.
- 67:42:17:24 Health standards and immunizations for day care children.
- 67:42:17:25 Sanitation requirements.
- 67:42:17:26 Safe sleep practices.
- 67:42:17:27 Medication administration.
- 67:42:17:28 Medication storage.
- 67:42:17:29 Allergic reactions.
- 67:42:17:30 Menu requirements.
- 67:42:17:31 Infant food safety.
- 67:42:17:32 Building requirements.
- 67:42:17:33. Bathroom and sink requirements.
- 67:42:17:34. Physical capacity requirements.
- 67:42:17:35 Playground requirements.
- <u>67:42:17:36</u> Water safety.
- <u>67:42:17:37</u> Construction and fire safety requirements.
- 67:42:17:38 Hazardous conditions.
- 67:42:17:39 Electrical outlet covers.
- <u>67:42:17:40</u> Pets.
- 67:42:17:41 Prevention of child maltreatment.

- 67:42:17:42 Required child records.
- 67:42:17:43 Emergency preparedness and response planning.
- 67:42:17:44 Handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous materials.
- 67:42:17:45 Transportation.
- 67:42:17:46 Pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
- 67:42:17:47 Reporting of child abuse and neglect.
- <u>67:42:17:48</u> Night-time care.
- 67:42:17:49 Parental access.
- <u>67:42:17:50</u> Fair hearing.

67:42:17:01. Definitions. Terms used in this chapter mean:

(1) "Center program," a day care center, as referenced in SDCL subdivision 26-6-14(3), and a group family day care home, as referenced in SDCL subdivision 26-6-14(5);

(2) "Director," the representative of the agency or organization responsible for the center or school-age program;

(3) "Family day care," an activity that is defined in SDCL 26-6-14.1 and meets the registration requirements of SDCL 26-6-14.2;

(4) "Household member," a person residing in a home or a home operated as a facility, used for the purpose of providing care and supervision to children, who may have contact with any children in the facility;

(5) "Medication," a prescription or over-the-counter substance that is intended to relieve pain or treat an illness or a disease;

(6) "Parent," a child's natural parent, adoptive parent, stepparent, or legal guardian;

(7) "Program employee," an individual who does not provide direct care to and supervision of a child;

(8) "Provider," an individual providing direct care to and supervision of a child;

(9) "Registration certificate," the document described in SDCL 26-6-15, which certifies that a provider has met the family day care registration standards; and

(10) "School-age program," a program providing for the care and supervision of children as defined in SDCL subdivision 26-6-14(6).

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:02. Application for license or registration certificate. Before submitting to the department an application for licensure, a center or school-age program shall submit to the department a copy of a building, renovation, or alteration plan, and obtain the department's approval of the plan.

The department shall, within sixty days after receiving a completed application, provide to the applicant written notice of the department's approval or denial of licensure or registration. If the department denies the licensure or registration, the department shall provide the reason for the denial.

An applicant may reapply after taking corrective action related to each reason listed in the denial.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. **Law Implemented:** SDCL 26-6-11, 26-6-16(2). 67:42:17:03. Inspection. The department shall conduct at least one pre-licensure inspection, and one unannounced inspection annually, to determine compliance with the licensing requirements.

If the inspection results in a plan of correction, the department shall provide a copy of the plan to any individual upon request.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(3)(6).

<u>67:42:17:04. Required posting.</u> A provider shall prominently display the department's licensing telephone number and website in the home or licensed facility .

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:05. Revocation of a license or registration certificate. The department may revoke a license or registration certificate, due to noncompliance with a licensing or registration standard, by providing a thirty-day written notice to the provider. The thirty-day written notice is not required if the department determines that the revocation is necessary to protect the health, safety, or welfare of a child. The provider may not reapply for a license or registration certificate for one year after the date of revocation.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(6), 26-6-24.

67:42:17:06. Required reporting of an incident or a change in circumstances. A

provider shall, within twenty-four hours, report to the department:

(1) A change of address;

- (2) Any major change in the operation or ownership of the program;
- (3) A change in the household size or composition;
- (4) Damage to or a change in the condition of the facility or home;
- (5) An investigation of the provider or a program employee, by the Division of

Child Protection Services or law enforcement, concerning any allegation of:

- (a) Child abuse or neglect; or
- (b) Any action that may prohibit the provider or employee from meeting background check eligibility requirements;
- (6) Any injury to a child that requires medical attention or dental care; and
- (7) The death of a child, if related to a serious injury that occurred on the

premises of the child care program.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:07. Owner and director responsibilities. The owner and director are responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program, including the supervision of staff and compliance with all licensing standards.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:08. Owner qualifications. The owner of a licensed child care or schoolage program may be an agency, institution, organization, or a natural person who is at least eighteen years of age,

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:09. Program administrator qualifications. The program administrator is the director or individual responsible for planning and implementing the program in a licensed child care or school-age program and must be at least eighteen years of age and:

(1) Have a bachelor's degree in a field of education or human development;

(2) Have a two-year degree in early childhood education;

(3) Have a Child Development Associate credential or comparable credential, as determined by the department;

(4) Hold certification in a child learning philosophy and have at least one year of experience in a child care setting;

(5) Have a child development technician diploma; or

(6) Have four years of experience in a center or school-age program.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:10. Provider qualifications. All providers shall be at least eighteen years of age and demonstrate and maintain the ability to provide care that attends to the child's physical growth and development and to the physical, emotional, cognitive, and social needs of the child, as determined by the department.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:11. Assistant qualifications -- Licensed child care and school-age program. In a licensed child care or school-age program, a provider's assistant must be at least fourteen years old, may not be left alone with children in care, and may be counted in the staff-child ratio only when the assistant is under the direct supervision of a provider, a program director, or the individual responsible for planning and implementing the program.

<u>A provider's assistant shall demonstrate the ability to provide care that attends to the</u> <u>child's physical growth and development and to the physical, emotional, cognitive, and social</u> <u>needs of the child.</u>

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(6). <u>67:42:17:12. Assistant qualifications -- Family day care program.</u> A family day care assistant must be at least fourteen years old.

<u>A family day care assistant who is under the age of eighteen may be included in the</u> adult-child ratio only if another adult is present in the home.

<u>A family day care assistant who is under the age of eighteen may not be left alone on</u> <u>the premises with children in care.</u>

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:13. Background check. All child care providers, program employees age fourteen and older, and family day care household members age eighteen and older, shall meet federal background check requirements. An individual may not provide care, or work in a child care setting, if the individual's background check reveals:

(1) A crime that indicates harmful behavior towards children;

(2) A crime of violence, as defined in SDCL 22-1-2, or in a similar statute from another state;

(3) A sex crime pursuant to SDCL chapters 22-22 or 22-24A, SDCL 22-22A-3, or similar statutes from another state;

(4) A felony conviction for domestic abuse, physical assault, battery, kidnapping, or arson;

(5) Any other felony conviction, within the preceding five years; or

(6) A substantiated report of child abuse or neglect.

A family day care provider may not provide care in the provider's home, if any

household member's background check reveals any item listed in this section.

A background check is required at least once every five years.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(6)(10), 26-6-23.2.

Cross-References:

Substantiated reports, § 67:14:39:04.

Criminal background checks, 45 C.F.R. § 98.43(a)(1)(i).

67:42:17:14. Notice to provider. Upon completion of a background check, the department must notify the program or family day care provider of an individual's eligibility or ineligibility for employment.

If the individual is ineligible for employment, the department must include guidance regarding the appeal process.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:15. Provider employee records. A child care provider shall maintain a

record for each employee that includes:

(1) The employee's name and date of birth;

(2) The dates on which the employee began and ended employment;

(3) Documentation of orientation and ongoing annual training, if the employee

provides direct care and supervision of children;

(4) A statement that:

(a) Defines child abuse and neglect;

(b) Sets forth the employee's responsibility to report all incidents of child

abuse or neglect in accordance with SDCL 26-8A-3 and 26-8A-8; and

(c) Is signed by the employee; and

(5) The results of the background check.

All records required by this section must be reviewed and updated at least annually by

the provider, made available to the department for verification of the contents, and retained

by the provider for six months after the employee leaves the program.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(3).

Cross-Reference:

Background check, § 67:42:17:13.

67:42:17:16. Confidentiality. The files and records of a provider are confidential. A child's records, photographs, and information about a child or the child's family may not be shared or publicly posted, unless the parent signs a consent form. Nothing in this section prevents licensing specialists, child protective services, or law enforcement from accessing the files and records of a provider or family information.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(3)(6). 67:42:17:17. Orientation training. All providers shall, within ninety days after the date of employment, complete and obtain documentation of orientation training in the following areas:

(1) Prevention and control of infectious diseases;

(2) Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and the use of safe sleep practices, if infant care is provided;

(3) Administration of medication;

(4) Prevention of and response to an emergency due to food allergies and other allergic reactions;

(5) Building and physical premises safety;

(6) Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma, if infant care is provided;

(7) Emergency preparedness and response planning for an emergency resulting from a natural disaster or man-caused event;

(8) Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of biological contaminants;

- (9) Precautions in transporting a child, if the program provides transportation;
- (10) Recognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect;

(11) Pediatric first aid;

(12) Pediatric cardiopulmonary resuscitation; and

(13) Child development.

Before a provider may care for children without supervision, the provider must complete orientation training in each of the areas listed in this section.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(3)(6).

Cross-Reference:

Health and safety requirements, 45 C.F.R. § 98.41.

67:42:17:18. Ongoing training requirements. All providers must obtain annual training in the topic areas identified in 45 C.F.R. § 98.41, in effect on September 30, 2016, or as identified by the department. Training must be documented and relevant to the provider's position as determined by the department. Training may include on-site or online classes. Pediatric cardiopulmonary resuscitation renewal may not be included in annual training.

Each director and provider of center and school-age programs counted in staff-child ratios shall complete ten hours of annual training.

Each provider of family day care counted in staff-child ratios shall complete six hours of annual training.

Orientation training hours qualify as annual training hours for each provider in the year the training was completed.

Every five years, all providers shall complete additional, advanced training in each of the training areas listed in § 67:42:17:17.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(6).

Cross-Reference:

Health and safety requirements, 45 C.F.R. § 98.41.

67:42:17:19. Group size -- Center and school-age programs. Maximum group sizes are determined by individual room capacity and all space used must be approved for care by the department.

The provider shall ensure the number of children in care at any given time does not exceed the capacity identified on the license. Children of program employees must be included in the group size.

The provider shall ensure children to staff ratios are maintained in all settings, including large indoor and outdoor space;

In spaces where more than twenty children are allowed, providers shall identify which children each provider is responsible to supervise; and

When room capacity does not align with the ratio requirements, a maximum of three additional children may be included in the room capacity as long as ratios are maintained.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:20. Supervision -- Center and school-age programs. A center provider supervising children must be in the same room with the children or on the playground with the children, and must be able to see or hear the children, at all times.

If children are in a school-age program, the provider must be able to hear or see the children, at all times, and must be close enough to intervene at all times.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:21. Center and school-age program ratio. A center or school-age

program must maintain the following ratios:

(1) Five children to one staff for children up to three years of age;

(2) Ten children to one staff for children three years through four years; and

(3) Fifteen children to one staff for children five years and over.

Children of program employees must be included in determining the children to staff

<u>ratio.</u>

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:22. Center and school-age program ratio -- Mixed age group. A program that serves twenty or fewer children, and routinely operates a mixed age group, shall meet a ratio of ten children to one staff. Each provider may care for a maximum of four children under the age of two, with no more than two children under the age of one.

A center program that serves more than twenty children in a mixed age group, must:

(1) Maintain a ratio of five children to one staff, if the group includes three or more children under the age of three; and

(2) In all other circumstances, maintain the children to staff ratio that is based on the age range of the majority of children in the group.

<u>Children of program employees must be included in determining the children to staff</u> ratio.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:23. Supervision, ratios and group size -- Family day care. A family day care provider may care for up to twelve children in the provider's home. A family day care provider shall, at all times, supervise children by hearing or seeing children and be close enough to intervene.

If only one provider is present, no more than four of the children may be under the age of two years, and no more than three of those children may be under the age of one.

If a family day care assistant is present, no more than eight children may be under the age of two.

A family day care provider's own children, if under the age of six, must be included in the total capacity and ratio.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(5)(6). 67:42:17:24. Health standards and immunizations for day care children. Before a child may be admitted to a registered or licensed day care provider, the provider must require the child's parent or guardian to submit a statement, signed by a licensed physician, physician's assistant, certified nurse practitioner, or community health nurse, or an immunization record from the South Dakota Immunization Information System, showing that the child meets the minimum immunization requirements according to 45 C.F.R. § 98.41(a)(1)(i)(A), in effect on September 30, 2016.

The provider shall ensure that immunizations of all children are current.

For children who begin the series late or are more than one month behind in immunizations, the documentation must show progress toward achieving immunization requirements, as determined by a licensed physician, or other licensed practitioner. A grace period may be approved by the department for a child experiencing homelessness or a child in foster care.

A child is exempt from meeting the minimum age-specific immunization levels if:

(1) The child's parent or guardian has certification from a licensed physician, or other licensed practitioner, stating that the physical condition of the child is such that an immunization would endanger the child's life or health; or

(2) The child's parent or guardian has signed a written statement that the child is an adherent to a religious doctrine whose teachings are opposed to such immunizations.

If a child becomes ill while at a day care, the provider must separate the child from other children and notify the child's parents. If any child in the program contracts a communicable disease, the provider must notify the Department of Health. The program

194

provider shall follow the Department of Health's recommendations for addressing a situation involving a communicable disease.

To prevent the spread of an infestation or infectious disease, a program shall provide an individual storage unit or container for each child's personal articles.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(4)(6).

Cross Reference:

Communicable disease control, article 44:20.

Health and safety requirements, 45 C.F.R. § 98.41.

67:42:17:25. Sanitation requirements. All equipment, utensils, kitchenware, dining tables, and food contact surfaces of equipment must be washed, rinsed, and sanitized after each meal. Toys capable of being placed in a child's mouth must be cleaned and sanitized daily, using a solution approved by the department.

All providers, program employees, and children shall wash their hands with soap, before preparing food or beverages, eating, handling food, or feeding a child, and after changing a diaper, using the toilet, helping a child use a toilet, or coming into contact with bodily fluid.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:26. Safe sleep practices. A nap mat, blanket, or other sleep surface, other than the floor, for children over one year of age must be available for each child during nap time.

A sleep surface must be maintained in good repair.

A provider shall follow the safe sleep practices contained in Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards, 4th Edition, for infants under the age of one.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Reference: Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards, 4th Edition, American Academy of Pediatrics, American Public Health Association, National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care and Early Education. Copies may be obtained from the American Academy of Pediatrics, https://shop.aap.org/. Cost \$66.95. 67:42:17:27. Medication administration. Before any medication is administered to a child, permission of the parent or guardian must be documented and must include the name of the child, the name of the medication, and the dates, times, and dosage of the medication.

The medication must be provided by the parent and kept in the original container, with the original label. The label for a prescription medication must contain the child's name, the amount and frequency of dosage, the expiration date, the physician or other licensed practitioner's name, and instructions for storage. The medication must be returned to the parent when no longer needed or expired.

The provider shall document, in the child's record, any medication administered to a child and shall include the dose, the name of the child, the time and date administered, and the name of the person administering the medication. The documentation must be retained for at least six months and be made available to the child's parent upon request.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(4)(6)(8). 67:42:17:28. Medication storage. Medication must be stored in a place that is inaccessible to children. The provider shall refrigerate medication requiring refrigeration. Refrigerated medication must be placed in a nonabsorbent container that is labeled medications.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:29. Allergic reactions. A provider shall have a written care plan for each child who has a known food allergy. The plan must contain instructions regarding any food allergens, steps to be taken to avoid that food, and a detailed treatment plan to be implemented if the child has an allergic reaction.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(4)(6)(8).

Cross-Reference:

Medication administration, § 67:42:17:27.

<u>67:42:17:30. Menu requirements.</u> Providers shall post a weekly menu that indicates meals and snacks to be served that week.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:31. Infant food safety. An infant shall be fed according to the infant's schedule. The provider shall hold the infant's bottle when feeding the infant. The provider may not feed an infant by propping up the infant's bottle.

Food, including breast milk and formula, must be properly stored, kept at the proper temperature, and protected from potential contamination according to the preparing, feeding, and storing standards contained in **Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety** <u>Performance Standards, 4th Edition.</u>

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(6)(8).

Reference: Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards, 4th Edition, American Academy of Pediatrics, American Public Health Association, National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care and Early Education. Copies may be obtained from the American Academy of Pediatrics, https://shop.aap.org/. Cost \$66.95. 67:42:17:32. Building requirements. All walls, ceilings, floors, and equipment must be easily cleanable, kept clean, and in good repair. Heating and cooling systems must maintain a temperature between sixty-five degrees Fahrenheit and seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit. For a child care center and school-age program, all heating and cooling systems must be inspected annually, by a certified technician.

Food preparation areas, including tables and countertops, must be made of a smooth, nonporous material, kept clean and sanitized, be free of cracks, and be in good repair. Center and school-age programs, in which more than twenty children are cared for, must provide a ventilation hood over all cooking areas. The hood must be appropriate for the type of appliance and intended use, as required in § 61:15:01:01.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

67:42:17:33. Bathroom and sink requirements. A provider shall meet the

following requirements regarding bathrooms:

(1) Bathroom facilities must be easily accessible by children and providers;

(2) Hot water for faucets normally used by children in care may not exceed one

hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit;

(3) Toilets and hand sinks must be kept clean and in good repair; and

(4) For child care centers and school-age programs:

- a. All bathrooms must have natural or mechanical ventilation;
- b. Separate bathrooms must be available for males and females;
- <u>c.</u> Ratios for toilet and hand sinks must align with the minimum standards for plumbing and plumbing systems published by the plumbing commission.

Except in a family day care, hand sinks must be in the same room, or an unobstructed

room adjacent to the diaper changing area. A handwashing sink used after diapering and toileting may not be used for food preparation.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross Reference:

Standards adopted for plumbing--Conformity to Uniform Plumbing Code, SDCL 36-25-15. 67:42:17:34. Physical capacity requirements. A center program must have available a minimum of thirty-five square feet of play space indoors and fifty square feet of play space outdoors for each child. A school-age program must have a minimum of twentyfive square feet of play space indoors and fifty square feet of play space outdoors for each child.

Playgrounds and parks may be used for outdoor play space.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:35. Playground requirements. Playgrounds for all child care settings must be safe, in good repair, and free of debris, trash, and weeds. Playground equipment must be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions and maintained in good repair.

For a center program, a fence that measures at least four feet high is required around the center's outdoor play space.

For a family day care or school-age program, a fence that measures at least forty-two inches high may be required to separate the outdoor play space, if the department determines a body of water, vehicular traffic, or other hazard poses a risk of injury or death to a child.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:36. Water safety. A provider shall meet the following water safety requirements:

(1) If an outdoor swimming pool is on the premises, it must be emptied after each use or enclosed with a five-foot fence and a self-closing, latching gate that can be locked while not in use;

(2) If an indoor swimming pool is on the premises, it must have an access door that restricts entry;

(3) A child may not play in an area where there is a body of water, unless the provider can see and hear the child, and is close enough to intervene, at all times; and

(4) A hot tub must be securely covered.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:37. Construction and fire safety requirements. Center and school-age programs operating outside of a school building shall follow applicable construction and fire safety requirements, as outlined in chapters 61:15:05 and 61:15:06. School-age programs operating in a school building shall follow applicable construction and fire safety requirements, as outlined in chapters 61:15:01, 61:15:02, and 61:15:07.

A family day care home must have the following fire safety measures in place:

(1) A working smoke detector must be located on each level of the home;

(2) A fully charged, portable fire extinguisher, with a minimum 2A rating, as identified on the extinguisher label, must be kept in or within fifteen feet of the kitchen or food preparation area;

(3) A carbon monoxide detector must be installed, according to the manufacturer's instructions, if a fuel burning appliance is present in the home;

(4) Each level of the home must have at least two remote exits that shall remain clear of obstructions. One of these exits must be a standard-sized door, and the other may be either a standard-sized door or an unobstructed, operable window, having at least five square feet of openable space, with a minimum width of twenty inches and a minimum height of twenty-four inches; and

(5) Whenever a portable space heater, a wood burning stove, or a fireplace is in use, the heater, stove, or fireplace must be inaccessible to children.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6). 67:42:17:38. Hazardous conditions. The following must be inaccessible to a child:

(1) Firearms;

(2) Pellet guns, BB guns, and cap guns;

(3) Matches and lighters;

(4) Tobacco products;

(5) Choking and strangulation hazards;

(6) Items capable of being pulled or tipped onto a child;

(7) A platform measuring more than thirty inches above ground level, unless

surrounded by a railing that is at least thirty-six inches tall with no more than five inches

between openings; and

(8) Other hazardous condition as identified by the department.

The department may direct a provider to remove or correct a hazardous condition or

circumstance not covered in this chapter, if the department considers the conditions or

circumstances to have the potential to cause injury or illness to the children in care.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:39. Electrical outlet covers. For family day care providers, unused electrical outlets must have an outlet plug cover, have a tamper-resistant cover, or be made inaccessible to a child.

For center and school-age programs, unused electrical outlets must have a self-closing outlet cover or tamper-resistant cover.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:40. Pets. A pet, while permitted in the presence of children receiving care, must be current with its vaccinations, and have clean and sanitary living areas, at all times.

<u>A pet with a history of aggressive behavior, which poses a risk to the safety of children, must be confined and kept away from children.</u>

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:41. Prevention of child maltreatment. A provider shall meet the physical, social, emotional, and cognitive needs of a child, and identify procedures to implement behavior management strategies for use with children in care. Behavior management strategies must offer limits, with positive guidance and direction, to help a child develop selfcontrol and respect for the rights of others, be appropriate to a child's age and developmental level, and include strategies to prevent shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma.

<u>A behavior management strategy may not be delegated to an older child or peer.</u> Separation, when used as a strategy, must be within sight or hearing of a provider.

<u>The parent of a child may not, while working at the program, use a prohibited</u> <u>discipline technique to discipline the parent's child.</u>

The following methods of discipline are prohibited:

(1) Spanking, hitting, pinching, biting, shaking, or inflicting any other physical punishment;

(2) Verbal abuse, shouting, threats, humiliation, or derogatory or sarcastic remarks about the child or the child's family;

(3) Restriction of movement or confinement;

(4) Isolating a child in an adjacent room, hallway, closet, darkened area, or any

other area where a child cannot be seen or supervised;

(5) Punishment for lapses in toilet training;

(6) Withholding or forcing of meals, snacks, naps, or outdoor time to correct

behavior;

(7) Demanding excessive physical exercise or excessive rest; and

(8) Placing substances in a child's mouth to cause discomfort such as soap, food, or spices.

A provider who is under investigation for abuse and neglect may not be in a caregiving role, if the department determines there is an imminent safety concern to a child in the provider's care.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(6).

Cross Reference:

Health and safety requirements, 45 C.F.R. § 98.41.

67:42:17:42. Required child records. A provider shall maintain a record for each

child that includes:

- (1) The child's name and date of birth;
- (2) The parent or guardian's name and telephone number;
- (3) An emergency contact name and telephone number;
- (4) Parental permission for emergency medical treatment;
- (5) The names of individuals authorized to pick up the child;
- (6) Health information, including any allergies or special needs;
- (7) A current immunization record or, for a school-age program, the name of the

child's school;

- (8) Parental permission for medication;
- (9) The child's attendance records;
- (10) The date of the child's enrollment; and
- (11) The date on which the child's enrollment ends.

The provider shall annually review and update each record required under this

section, and make the child's record available to the department, upon request.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:43. Emergency preparedness and response planning. A provider shall have:

(1) A written emergency preparedness and response plan for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster or a man-caused event;

(2) A written plan for evacuation, relocation, shelter-in-place, or a lock-down, that includes accommodations for infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities or medical conditions;

(3) A written procedure for communication and reunification with parents; and

(4) A written procedure for the continuity of operations.

A provider shall practice the evacuation, shelter-in-place, and lock down procedures, outlined in the emergency preparedness and response plan, at least twice each calendar year. The provider shall document the dates on which the procedures are practiced. A provider shall communicate the emergency preparedness and response plan to each individual at the time the individual begins employment.

Except for family day care, all child care providers shall have liability insurance. Proof of current liability insurance shall be made available to the department, upon request.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:44. Handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous materials. All toxic or hazardous substances must be:

- (1) Inaccessible to children;
- (2) Used according to manufacturer's instructions;
- (3) Stored in the original or other labeled container; and

(4) Disposed of according to manufacturer recommendations.

Bio-contaminants must be handled and disposed of properly.

Soiled diapers must be changed promptly, in a designated area, on a non-porous

surface. The diaper changing area must be clean and disinfected with a sanitizing solution

approved by the department. Soiled diapers must be kept in a leakproof, nonabsorbent

container that is covered with a tight-fitting lid.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(2)(6).

Cross-Reference:

Health and safety requirements, 45 C.F.R. 98.41(a)(1)(viii).

67:42:17:45. Transportation. The following requirements apply to the

transportation of a child:

(1) A parent or guardian shall provide written permission for the transportation of their child;

(2) The vehicle may not carry more people than its passenger capacity, as stated on the label affixed to the vehicle under 49 C.F.R. Parts 567 and 568, in effect on March 9, 2022;

(3) The required staff-child ratio must be maintained when children are being transported:

(4) The driver must be at least eighteen years of age and have a driver license to operate the vehicle being driven;

(5) When a child is being transported in a vehicle other than a bus, the child must be restrained in a car seat, booster seat, or seat belt appropriate for the child's weight and age; and

(6) Proof of liability insurance must be provided to the department, upon request, for any vehicle used for transporting children.

Source:

<u>General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.</u> Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(2)(5)(6). 67:42:17:46. Pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation. A provider shall complete pediatric first aid training every five years and maintain documentation of the training. A provider must be certified in pediatric cardiopulmonary resuscitation. The certification must include a hands-on skills test.

A provider shall work under supervision until the provider has completed the training required by this section. The supervisor shall have completed their pediatric first aid training and be certified in pediatric cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(1)(6).

Cross-Reference:

Orientation training, § 67:42:17:17.

67:42:17:47. Reporting of child abuse and neglect. A child care provider shall immediately report any suspected abuse or neglect of a child to child protective services, law enforcement, or the States Attorney's office, and cooperate fully in the investigation of any incident.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(6), 26-8A-3.

<u>67:42:17:48. Night-time care.</u> If care is provided between 7:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., the following requirements apply:

(1) Center providers on duty must be awake and alert to the needs of children;

(2) Family day care providers must be accessible and responsive to children who awaken during the night and require attention; and

(3) Providers shall supply a cot or bed for each child in overnight care.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.

67:42:17:49. Parental access. A parent must be allowed to observe their child or children at any time. A parent must be notified by the provider immediately regarding any serious injuries received while the child is under care of the provider.

A parent must be notified by the provider within twenty-four hours of any changes in circumstances. For purposes of this section, the term, changes in circumstances, means a change in the provider's registration or license, the suspension or revocation of the provider's license, a change in the program location, closure of the program, and a change in ownership of the program.

If a court order restricts a parent from having contact with a child, and if the provider has been given a copy of the court order, the provider shall deny access to the parent.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16. Law Implemented: SDCL 26-6-16(6). 67:42:17:50. Fair hearing. A provider may request a fair hearing if the provider is dissatisfied with any action taken on an application or license or registration certificate. A fair hearing must be conducted under chapter 67:17:02.

Source:

General Authority: SDCL 26-6-16.