

CHAPTER 12:68:16

IMPORTATION OF EQUINE

Section

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12:68:16:01. Definitions. Terms used in this chapter mean:

(1) "Approved laboratory," any laboratory approved for official testing by the USDA and by the South Dakota Animal Industry Board having met check testing protocols established by USDA (copies of list of approved laboratories available upon request to the South Dakota Animal Industry Board);

(2) "Coggins test," the agar gel immunodiffusion test for equine infectious anemia that has been approved by the USDA;

(3) "EIA," equine infectious anemia (swamp fever), a virus disease of horses and other members of the equine species;

(4) "Extended equine certificate of veterinary inspection," a document that has been designated by the state of origin as a form to be used to certify the health status of a horse exported from that state for exhibition, pleasure rides, search and rescue activities, or other equine events.

~~(4)~~ (5) "Horse," all members of the equine species, including horses, mules, asses, ponies, donkeys, burros, and zebras;

~~(5)~~ (6) "Officially identified," a permanent identification using the national uniform tag code number of the state in which the reactor was tested followed by the letter "A", applied with a hot iron, chemical brand, freeze marking, or a lip tattoo in accordance with 9 C.F.R. § 75.4(a) (January 1, ~~2012~~ 2018);

~~(6)~~ (7) "Reactor," any horse over nine months old which discloses a positive reaction to the Coggins test.

Source: 2 SDR 59, effective March 14, 1976; 12 SDR 128, 12 SDR 154, effective July 1, 1986; 18 SDR 55, effective September 23, 1991; 34 SDR 100, effective October 22, 2007; 37 SDR 47, effective September 20, 2010; 39 SDR 32, effective September 3, 2012.

General Authority: SDCL 40-3-14.

Law Implemented: SDCL 40-14-2.

12:68:16:02. Certificates of veterinary inspection. ~~All horses~~ Horses imported into South Dakota for the purposes of sale, change of ownership, breeding, or stays longer than 90 days must be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection issued by an accredited veterinarian within the 30 days prior to the date of importation, ~~except~~

~~(1) Reactors that are officially identified and accompanied by a shipping permit issued at the point of origin by a state or federal veterinarian or an accredited veterinarian consigned to a federally inspected slaughtering establishment operating under the provisions of 21 U.S.C. §§ 601 to 623,~~

~~inclusive; 641 to 645, inclusive; 661, and 671 to 680, inclusive, as in effect on January 7, 2011;
and~~

~~(2) Reactors that are officially identified and accompanied by a shipping permit issued at the point of origin by a state or federal veterinarian or an accredited veterinarian consigned to a state inspected slaughtering establishment operating under the provisions of SDCL 39-5-32, 39-5-33 and 39-5-36.~~

Source: 2 SDR 59, effective March 14, 1976; 12 SDR 128, 12 SDR 154, effective July 1, 1986; 18 SDR 55, effective September 23, 1991; 37 SDR 47, effective September 20, 2010; 39 SDR 32, effective September 3, 2012; 43 SDR 41, effective September 26, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 40-3-14.

Law Implemented: SDCL 40-14-2.

12:68:16:02:01 Extended equine certificates of veterinary inspection. Horses imported into South Dakota for the purposes of exhibition, pleasure rides, search and rescue activities, or other equine events must be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection issued by an accredited veterinarian within the 30 days prior to the date of importation or an extended equine certificate of veterinary inspection and permit issued within the 180 days prior to the date of importation. Conditions of an extended equine certificate of veterinary inspection include:

_____ (1) There is a written agreement between the Board and the chief livestock health official of the state of destination.

_____ (2) Apply only to one animal and shall contain the following information

(a) the name and address of the owner;

(b) the location at which the animal is stabled, housed, pastured or kept, if different from that of the owner;

(c) an accurate description and official identification in accordance with 9 C.F.R. § 86.4(a)(2) (January 1, 2018);

(d) the date of veterinary inspection;

(e) the date and results of the EIA or other required tests or vaccinations; and

(f) the signature of the inspecting veterinarian

(3) Is valid for 180 days from the date of issuance

(4) A travel itinerary shall be kept current and made available to an agent of the Board upon request. The travel itinerary shall include a listing of all travel that the horse made into and out of the state of South Dakota during the validity of the certificate.

(5) The Animal Industry Board may cancel any extended equine certificate of veterinary inspection. Cancellation of the certificate may be by written or verbal notice to the certificate holder. Verbal notice shall be confirmed by written notice. The canceled certificate will become invalid on the date and at the time of notification.

12:68:16:03. Examination and identification. The certificate of veterinary inspection must certify that the horses have been examined by an accredited veterinarian within the 30 days prior to importation. ~~and must include an accurate and complete description of each horse in the shipment, including its age, sex, color, and marking.~~ The extended equine certificate of veterinary inspection

must certify the horse has been examined by an accredited veterinarian as required by the terms of the permit. Either certificate must include an accurate description and official identification in accordance with 9 C.F.R. § 86.4(a)(2) (January 1, 2018). Registered horses may be identified by registration name and number.

Source: 2 SDR 59, effective March 14, 1976; 12 SDR 128, 12 SDR 154, effective July 1, 1986; 18 SDR 55, effective September 23, 1991; 43 SDR 41, effective September 26, 2016.

General Authority: SDCL 40-3-14.

Law Implemented: SDCL 40-14-2.

12:68:16:07. Restricted movements. All reactors, regardless of state of origin, must be officially identified in accordance with 9 C.F.R. § 75.4(a) (January 1, 2018), and quarantined and may not be moved in intrastate commerce unless they are consigned directly to a slaughter establishment or returned to the state of origin under a permit issued by the state of origin. A horse imported without the required test must be quarantined for an immediate test at the owner's expense.

Source: 2 SDR 59, effective March 14, 1976; 12 SDR 128, 12 SDR 154, effective July 1, 1986; 18 SDR 55, effective September 23, 1991.

General Authority: SDCL 40-3-14.

Law Implemented: SDCL 40-14-4.